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Hongkong, 12th December, 1906. [a1375-4]

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Hongkong, 29th April, 1906. [a1647]

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Voeux Road Central.  
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Hongkong, 9th May, 1907. [a1374]

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Hongkong, 9th December, 1906. [a32]

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Hongkong, 5th December, 1906. [a318]

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AS SUPPLIED TO AND RECOMMENDED BY THE SANITARY  
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Office No. 30, Prince's Buildings, Opposite King Edward Hotel.  
Hongkong, 14th November, 1906. [a1565]

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Hongkong, 12th December, 1906.

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Hongkong, 1st April, 1904. [a697-1]



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Hot and Cold Water throughout.  
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Hongkong, 24th July, 1905. [a1475]

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ELECTRIC LIGHT, Hot and Cold Water  
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"Braeside," 20, Macdonnell Road.  
Hongkong, 4th December, 1907. [a40]

PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE

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"CLAREMONT,"  
2 & 4, KENNEDY ROAD.  
Hongkong, 9th February, 1907. [a1326]

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TELEPHONE 197.

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Mrs. M. MATTHEY, Proprietress.

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Hongkong, 5th October, 1906. [a1268]

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**MACAO.**

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ment and most strict supervision as to

food, cleanliness and hygiene of the place.

All comforts of a home.

A most pleasant retreat for those desiring of

a few days rest and quiet.

Comfortable accommodation for travellers

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Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong.

Two steamers (s.s. *Sui An* and *Sui Tai*) daily to

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from Canton, give easy communication with

both these centres.

Cable Address—"BOAVISTA."

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[a216] THE MANAGER.

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SITUATED ON THE BRITISH CONCESSION.

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Both Hotels electrically lighted, and under

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REASONABLE RATES.

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CUT GLASS BOTTLES in Great Variety,  
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## RAZORS IN CASES,

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PATENT RAZOR STROPS, SHAVING  
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REQUISITESA Very Fine Selection in Great Variety—  
MEERSCHAUM and BRIAR PIPES,  
CALABASH PIPES (a Special Assortment),  
SMOKERS' COMPANIONS,  
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CROCODILE SKIN, SNAKE SKIN, &c.  
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ASH TRAYS.All these Goods are of the Highest Class and  
Specially Selected.SUITABLE FOR XMAS AND NEW  
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A most useful XMAS PRESENT for  
SPORTSMEN, YACHTSMEN and  
TOURISTS.A. S. WATSON & CO.  
LIMITEDALEXANDRA BUILDINGS AND  
KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 11th December, 1908. [29]

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LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, EC

## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 12TH, 1908.

THERE can be no two opinions, among  
Europeans at least, about the filthiness of  
the habit of expectoration, so common  
among the Chinese population, and there  
has from time to time been a strong desire  
manifested for some legislative enactment  
which would stamp it as a nuisance and  
make spitting in public places, other than  
in the drains, a punishable offence. The  
Sanitary Board has, on several occasions,  
had the matter under consideration, and on  
the broad ground, that the habit is detri-  
mental to the public health the Govern-  
ment propose to deal with it by so amend-  
ing the Magistrates' Ordinance as to  
give the Governor-in-Council power to  
issue regulations and attaching penalties  
for disregarding them. Alike on the  
ground of social inconvenience and for  
hygienic reasons this measure ought to  
be welcomed, but, as the reader will have  
noticed, it met with opposition on various  
grounds when the Bill came up for its  
second reading at the meeting of the  
Legislative Council on Thursday. The  
Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, while claiming to be  
a strict sanitarian, argued that hygien-  
ically considered there was nothing to these  
between spitting promiscuously in the public  
streets and the more refined practice of  
spitting in the streets. Further reflection, weare sure, will satisfy Dr. Ho Kai that his  
argument is ill considered and unsound.  
Hygienically considered there is a vast  
difference between the two practices which  
it is quite unnecessary for us to elaborate.  
Another of Dr. Ho Kai's contentions was that  
"habit is second nature and becomes a sort  
of involuntary act," which is true enough,  
but it is none the less necessary that some  
check should be placed upon disgusting  
involuntary acts in a civilised society. In  
short, it seems to us, that Dr. Ho Kai's  
speech begs the question, for it was not in  
contemplation to stop the habit, but  
simply to regulate it. There would be  
no need to fill the galls with offenders.  
We believe that when the regulations are  
published and when it is known that there  
is the force of law at the back of them, we  
shall soon see a great improvement in the  
Colony in this respect. It will not be  
necessary for the police to arrest every man  
they see offending against the regulations;  
it will generally be sufficient for them to  
impress upon the offender that it is a  
punishable offence. There is not much  
difficulty in stopping Chinese from expecto-  
rating promiscuously in the public schools or  
in the workshops where they are under  
European supervision, and in view of the  
prevalence of tuberculosis among the  
Chinese it seems highly desirable in their  
own interest that something should be done  
to check or regulate a habit which is  
not only disgusting but dangerous.  
As to the other objection which the Hon.  
Mr. GIBSON and the Hon. Mr. STADE  
shared with the Chinese representatives,  
namely that such legislation would have a  
disturbing effect on the Chinese, we are  
quite sure that the Government fully appre-  
ciate the necessity for acting with the  
greatest caution in the matter. All the  
members of the Council, Mr. GIBSON said,  
were agreed that it was a desirable Bill, but  
those who objected to it said the time was  
not ripe for forcing these regulations on the  
Chinese. This objection seems to us to be  
sufficiently met by the promise of His  
Excellency the Governor not to issue  
regulations for a period of six months. His  
Excellency is in favour of trying first the  
suggestion of the Sanitary Board that public  
notices should be posted up, and we are  
inclined to think that if the police were at  
the same time instructed to speak to the  
persons they see disregarding the notice,  
possibly because they are unable to read it,  
a considerable improvement would soon be  
noticeable. Having regard to the declara-  
tions of His Excellency the Governor, we  
can see no adequate reason for further  
postponing legislation on this subject.The Volunteer Dance has been arranged for  
January 14th.Mr. R. Bellios and Mrs. Bellios were passen-  
gers by the P. and O. steamer Delta which arrived  
yesterday.Sir Alexander Hosie, C.M.G., British  
Commercial Attaché, is on a visit to Hong-  
kong.The Hon. Cecil Scott Napier (32), Hampton  
Court Palace, S.W., and of Shanghai, son of the  
late Field-Marshal Lord Napier of Magdala left  
yesterday worth £2,650.The late Mr. Edmund Sharp of Hongkong  
left estate worth £11,406. He left the residue  
of his estate to the Boys and Girls' Refuge,  
Strangways, Manchester.The well-known opera singer, Mmes.  
Emma James, who was at one time a resident  
of Shanghai, announces her intention to retire  
from the stage next year.Among recently-elected Fellows of the Royal  
Colonial Institute are the Rt. Rev. C. J. Corfe,  
D.D., late Bishop of Korea; Mr. Roger D.  
Acton, of the Straits Settlements, and Mr.  
Herbert A. Hope of the Federated Malay  
States.President Roosevelt has informed the Mer-  
chants' Association of Manila that, though the  
trip he has planned makes it impossible for him  
to accept their invitation to him to visit the  
Philippines now, he earnestly hopes that at  
some time not far distant he will be able to go  
to the islands.An impudent theft was reported yesterday.  
A bluejacket from the King Alfred was watching  
bagatelle in a restaurant when he felt something  
at his trouser pocket. On looking down he saw  
that his pocket had been cut open and a native  
was holding his hand to catch the money as it  
dropped. He caught him and took him to the  
Police Station. Mr. J. R. Wood rewarded the  
enterprise of the Chinese with six weeks' hard  
labour.Before Commander Basil R.H. Taylor, R.N.,  
at the Marine Magistrates Court yesterday a  
boatwoman was charged with carrying nine  
persons in excess of the number allowed by her  
licence. She informed the Court that she was  
the owner of two boats, and that some of the  
extra passengers boarded the craft of which she  
was in charge from her other vessel while the  
boats were lying together. His Worship  
imposed a fine of \$25, in default, six weeks'  
imprisonment.The Straits Times says there is no truth  
in the rumour that the cholera is spreading  
rapidly in Singapore. The number of deaths,  
continues at two or three daily.A London paper to hand by yesterday's mail  
says:—It would seem that the City will shortly  
be offered the opportunity of subscribing for a  
security of an exceptional character. For some  
time past a railway has been in process of  
construction in the Philippines under the  
auspices of a well-known international firm of  
contractors, and it is, we believe, the intention  
of the promoters to offer for subscription shortly  
4,000,000 of the bonds secured upon the line.  
This capital will have the guarantee of the local  
Government, and it is believed the bonds will  
have a special value from the fact that the  
United States Government has agreed to accept  
them up to 90 per cent. of their face value for  
security against deposits by the Treasury. They  
will bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent., and  
it is expected that they will be offered here and  
at New York, the issue price being 95.

## A SOLDIER'S DEATH.

The inquiry into the circumstances attending  
the death of L. Corp. Smith of the Buffs who  
died from self-inflicted injuries on the 27th ult.,  
was resumed at the Magistrate's yesterday before  
Mr. J. H. Kemp.Sergt. Webb, on being recalled, said there  
was nobody near the deceased when he first  
saw him.Private Marsh stated that on the evening of  
the 27th ult., deceased asked him for the loan  
of his cap. Deceased took the cap and as he  
went out he said "Tell Corporal Wade there is  
a piece of foolscap on my table." Witness  
knew the deceased for five years. He was always  
on good terms with him and nobody had a grudge  
against him. It was a common thing for one  
man to borrow another's cap.L. Corp. Barker, who shared the same room  
with deceased, said he went out about 9 p.m.,  
leaving Marsh in bed. When he returned at  
ten Marsh was still in bed. Witness heard  
nothing about borrowing a cap. Deceased was  
on good terms with everybody.Private Dyer, who occupied the room next to  
that occupied by deceased, spoke to seeing L.  
Corp. Smith leave his room on the night in  
question. He had known deceased for four years.  
The razor produced belonged to deceased. This  
affair was a great surprise to witness who was  
unaware of deceased being worried over his  
private affairs. Deceased never complained of  
being overworked. He had a great deal of work.Private Toser said he saw deceased going out  
on the night in question. Deceased told him to  
tell Corporal Wade that he would find a sheet of  
foolscap on his table, and added "I'm off to fix  
up the messing." Witness knew no reason for  
the suicide. Deceased was on the best of terms  
with everybody.His Worship remarked that there was no  
reason shown why deceased should commit sui-  
cide, but all the evidence pointed to suicide.  
There might have been some suspicion against  
the man whose cap was found beside him but  
they were told it was quite a common practice  
among soldiers to borrow each other's caps.The foreman (Mr. Sinclair) said the jury were  
of opinion that death was due to hemorrhage  
from a wound in the throat and that the wound  
was self-inflicted. There was nothing to show  
if feeling on the part of anyone on whom  
suspicion would be likely to rest.

## LIBEL ACTIONS IN CANADA AND

action for libel brought by Mr. E. T.  
Bethell against the N.C. Daily News, which  
was concluded on Thursday in the Supreme  
Court at Shanghai, with a verdict in the  
plaintiff's favour, \$3,000 damages being awarded.  
We gather, one of several actions con-  
templated by Mr. Bethell. Three Hong-  
kong newspapers reproduced from the  
Shanghai contemporary the Tokyo telegram  
containing that libel. It did not appear  
in the Daily Press. In view of the general  
unreliability of the news being sent at the time  
by Japanese press correspondents at Seoul, the  
statement made in the telegram seemed to  
anyone knowing Mr. Bethell to be highly improb-  
able that we deemed it more prudent to wait the  
arrival of the full report of the case. When that  
came we found our doubts were fully justified.In Japan actions for libel have been filed  
against two newspapers by Mr. W. T. R.  
Preston, Commissioner of Trade for the Dom-  
inion of Canada, and 20,000 yen is claimed from  
each. The newspapers concerned are the Japan  
Herald in Yokohama and the Japan Chronicle  
in Kobe. The ground of action is the publica-  
tion of an extract from the Victoria Daily  
Colonist in which it was alleged that Mr.  
Preston was in Japan working in the interests  
of Japanese emigration to Canada.

## THE BANDMANN COMEDY CO.

The Company arrived in the Colony yesterday  
morning, and opened their season at the theatre  
last night with "Lady Frederick." Somerset  
Mangham's fine comedy which has had a pheno-  
menally successful run at the Criterion, Court  
New Garrick and Haymarket theatres, London.  
It was very evident from the artistic and highly  
successful performance given last night that  
Mr. Bandmann has brought to Hongkong a  
very strong Company. Miss Florence Hamer is  
already known to Hongkong audiences as an  
actress of exceptional talent, and the clever  
interpretation of the title role last night won  
the most unqualified praise. Miss Lucy Beaumont,  
who took the part of Lady Frederick, was hardly  
less successful. Mr. Charles Vane impersonated  
Paradine Fenless most admirably, and Mr.  
Charles Cook made an excellent Admiral  
Cartle.The piece was played before a good house, and  
the performance was one upon which the Company  
can be most cordially congratulated. It created  
an impression which should ensure for the  
Company good houses on every night of their  
stay. To-night "The Silver King" will be  
staged.

## TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS" EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

DEATH OF SIR EWEN  
CAMERON.

SINGAPORE, December 11th.

Sir Ewen Cameron, K.C.M.G., of  
the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, is  
dead.[Our London Correspondent confirms the  
news.]MEDICAL SCHOOL FOR  
HONGKONG.

SINGAPORE, December 11th.

Following a lecture on Chinese  
medicine by Dr. Cantlie, the China  
Society resolved, on the proposition  
of Surgeon-General Evatt, formerly of  
Hongkong, to petition the Colonial  
Office to subsidise a Medical School  
for Hongkong to train Chinese, similar  
to the provision made for Indians.

## DEATH OF MR. HOLT.

LONDON, December 11th.

Mr. Robert Holt of the Great  
Liverpool Ship-owning firm is dead.THE "NEAR EASTERN"  
SITUATION.

LONDON, December 11th.

Austria is adopting a conciliatory  
attitude in connection with affairs in  
the "Near East."INDIAN SUMMARY JUSTICE  
BILL.

LONDON, December 11th.

The Summary Justice Bill for India  
provides for the trial of prisoners  
without a jury, and for imprisonment  
of members of associations found  
guilty of intimidation.

[REUTERS' SERVICE.]

## AUSTRIA AND TURKEY.

LONDON, December 9th.

The Austrian Ambassador, M. von Pallavicini, after a conference with the Grand  
Vizier, has intimated that immediately the  
boycott ceased Austria would make proposals  
for a settlement of the Bosnia-Herzegovina  
question. The Grand Vizier says that the  
boycott will cease immediately Austria has  
submitted satisfactory proposals.THE SCOTCH LAND BILL  
WITHDRAWN.

LONDON, December 9th.

Mr. Asquith has announced that the  
Scottish Land Values Bill has been with-  
drawn owing to the Lords' amendments.  
This is the second Scottish Land Bill which  
has been killed by the same cause during  
the present session.

## THE ANNEXATION OF THE CONGO.

LONDON, December 9th.

Mr. Mackinnon Wood in reply to ques-  
tions in the House of Commons said that  
Great Britain had not yet recognised the  
annexation of the Congo. Belgium had  
undertaken to abide by the Congo's obli-  
gations under the Berlin Act, including the  
freedom of international trade.THE ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND  
ST. GEORGE.

CEREMONY IN THE CHAPEL AT ST. PAUL'S.

An interesting and impressive ceremony was  
performed at the Chapel of St. Michael and St.  
George, in St. Paul's Cathedral, last month  
when the banners of the late Marquess of  
Linthgow and the late Sir Nicholas O'Connor,  
Knights Grand Cross of the Order, were  
removed from their place on the wall of the  
chapel. This was the first occasion for such a  
ceremony since the opening of the chapel by the  
King about two years ago.Bishop Montgomery, Prelate of the Order,  
who was assisted by Archdeacon Sinclair,  
conducted the brief service, which included the  
saying of the Collect for St. George.Sir William Ballie-Hamilton, as Officer  
of Arms to the Order, having first  
desired the banners to be reverently removed  
from their places and delivered into his  
hands, advanced to the altar and  
laid the banners upon the altar steps, there to  
remain for several days prior to being sent to  
the relatives of the late Knights Grand Cross.  
On the walls of the chapel are hung the three  
Royal banners of the King, the Prince of  
Wales, and the Duke of Connaught, and those  
of the thirty-two senior Knights of the Order;  
and in the positions now vacated will be hung  
in the course of a few weeks the banners of Sir  
Donald Currie and Sir Thomas Sutherland, the  
former of whom has recently presented to the  
Order the altar steps of various African marbles  
and the handsomely carved altar rails.A short service was also held for the dedication  
of memorial slabs to the late Lord Rosemead and  
the late Sir Walter Sellar, their custody being  
committed to the charge of the Dean and Chapter  
of St. Paul's by the Hon. Mrs. Durrant, daughter  
of Lord Rosemead, and by Lady Sellar.

## DEATH OF SIR EWEN CAMERON.

The news of the death of Sir Ewen Cameron  
will be received with genuine regret by many  
foreign residents in China.He is one of those who have helped to make  
the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank what it is,  
and his remarkable ability was acknowledged on  
all hands, but by none more generously than  
those in whose interests he worked so devotedly,  
as was demonstrated at the meeting of share-  
holders held at Hongkong, on 18th February,  
1908, when Mr. A. J. Raymond, the Chairman,  
in his speech to the shareholders said:—"I have now to refer to a matter which I am  
sure you will all be sorry to hear about, and  
that is the retirement of Sir Ewen Cameron,  
our Senior Manager in London. He has been  
stricken with a severe illness and was very  
anxious that the Directors should accept his  
resignation. I need hardly say that it was only  
in deference to his own wishes that we acceded  
to his request, and we did so with great reluc-  
tance, deep regret and sincere sympathy for  
himself and family.""Sir Ewen Cameron's name will have a  
prominent place in the history of the Bank; he  
joined here in 1867, shortly after the Bank was  
started, and he had a very large share in  
raising it to its present position. (Applause).  
His ability, tact and kindly disposition com-  
manded success wherever he has served the Bank.  
Many of you will remember him as Manager  
in Shanghai, where, as also in the North of  
China, he did so much to build up our business.  
I can look back myself 24 years in Shanghai and  
at that time there was no better known or more  
popular resident in the settlement than Mr.  
(as he then was) Ewen Cameron.""A man of broad views and sound judg-  
ment, he took a prominent part in negotiating  
the early loans issued by the Bank for the  
Imperial Chinese Government, and the friendly  
relations which were then established between  
that Government and the Bank, I am glad to  
say, exist to-day and I hope will always continue.  
Since he went to London he has also taken the  
leading part there in negotiating the various  
Chinese and Japanese Government loans which  
it has been the Bank's good fortune to be so  
prominently associated with. His marvellous  
energy and whole-hearted devotion to the  
general interest of the Bank, and that  
of its shareholders, are well known to  
you all, but perhaps nowhere has he done  
better service than in the City of London,  
where he made many good and influential  
friends for the Bank.""Since his retirement from active service Sir  
Ewen Cameron was a member of the London  
Committee.""Sir Ewen Cameron, K.C.M.G., F.R.G.S.,  
who was 67 years of age, was born in  
Muckovio, Inverness-shire, and in 1878 married  
Josephine, daughter of the late John Housden  
Thelford, Norfolk."

## THE NEW PEAK TRAMWAY.

THE PETITION AGAINST THE PROPOSED ROUTE.

Following is the text of the petition of the  
Roman Catholic community of Hongkong  
against the proposed alteration in the route of  
the new Peak tramway:—To His Excellency the Governor and the Hon-  
ourable the Legislative Council of Hongkong.The Humble Petition of Domenico Pozzoni,  
Vicar Apostolic of the Roman Catholic Com-  
munity of Hongkong. Sheweth:—1. There is before the Legislative Council a  
Bill the object of which is to authorize the  
construction of a Tramway from Victoria to the  
Peak.2. The route of the said Tramway is, your  
Petitioner is informed, proposed to be marked  
in blue lines on the plan instead of the  
route marked on the said plan in red lines as  
originally proposed.3. The Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception  
is the principal place of worship for the  
Catholic Community of Hongkong and is situated  
on the East side of the Public Gardens.4. Divine service or other religious observ-  
ances take place daily in the said Cathedral.5. It is essential to the due and reverent  
performance of such services and observances  
that there should be at such times an absolute  
absence of noise in such Cathedral and in the  
immediate neighbourhood thereof.6. Your Petitioner is informed that it is  
proposed to carry the said Tramway for a  
considerable portion of its length on a steel  
trestle viaduct 60 feet or thereabouts in height  
directly in front of the principal entrance to  
the said Cathedral and within 10 yards or  
thereabouts thereof, and your Petitioner is  
informed and believes that the noise caused by  
cars passing over a trestle viaduct and the  
noise occasioned by the traction cables passing  
over the guide pulleys will be so loud as to be  
detracting to the devotion of those engaged in  
prayer, or in other religious observances in the  
said Cathedral. And further that such distract-  
ing noise will be almost continuous when cars  
are running on the said Tramway.7. The said Roman Catholic Community on  
behalf of which your Petitioner presents this  
Petition numbers and of Seven thousand  
persons.Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays that the  
proposed route of the said Tramway as marked  
in blue lines on the said plan be not approved  
and that your Petitioner may be heard by  
Council in opposition thereto and have leave  
to call witnesses in support of such opposition  
when the said Bill comes before Your Excel-  
lency and the Legislative Council for con-  
sideration in Committee.And your Petitioner as in duty bound will  
ever pray.

Dated the 30th day of November, 1908.

DOMENICO POZZONI,

Vicar Apostolic of Hongkong,  
on behalf of the Roman Catholic Community.

## CANTON.

[BY OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

December 10th.

THE S.S. "PATSHAN" AFFAIR—WORKING  
UP THE AGITATION.The Chinese insist that a fresh inquiry should  
take place at the British Consulate in this  
matter. This will no doubt be acceded to if the  
application is made officially, provided also that  
important new evidence is forthcoming. The  
Chinese Press say that according to international  
law the case should be tried by the British Court  
as the incident occurred on a British vessel.  
This however does not apply to China as  
foreigners enjoy the privilege of extraterri-  
toriality in China.The "Yong Shing Po" publishes an article  
to-day saying that public anger has been roused  
through the British Consul shifting his res-  
ponsibility on to other shoulders in the  
Fatehau incident. The paper further states  
that the members of the Yan Tin Ying theatrical  
troupe have composed a song on the incident and  
have deputed many members of the troupe  
to sing it on board the passenger junk  
plying between Canton and inland waters (about  
60 of these vessels leave Canton every day) and  
in the different villages up-country, and it is fur-  
ther stated that the members of the troupe are  
having grand receptions on board the junk and  
at the villages. Free passage tickets, tea cakes  
and wine are offered to the singers for their  
patriotic action and feelings wherever they go.

## THE KWANGTUNG ARMY.

The Kwangtung Reformed Army consist-  
ing of 26,709 officers and men divided as follows viz.  
Kwangchow Prefecture 8,395; North part of the  
Kwangtung Province 1,180; Southern 1,475;  
Eastern 4,740; and Western 11,000.LUK LAN CHING, THE NOTORIOUS PIRATE  
CHIEF.The military authorities have reported to the  
Viceroy that Luk Lan Ching has proceeded to  
Kwangsi. His Excellency has cabled to the  
Kwangsi Governor to do all in his power to  
effect his capture.

## CHURCH BURNED DOWN BY MOB.

It is reported that a telegram has been  
received here stating that the French Church  
at Yun-kong was burnt down yesterday and  
that the Christians have been obliged to fly  
for safety.

## THE CAPITAL OF KWANGSI.

In July last the Central Government in-  
structed the Governor of Kwangsi to remove  
the capital to Nanning on account of the city of  
Kweilin being badly situated for the effective  
control of the Province. Viceroy Chang also  
received instructions from Peking to assist the  
Kwangsi Governor to raise the necessary funds  
to effect the removal. Both these officials  
replied that the treasures of their respective  
provinces were empty and that it required an  
enormous sum of money to carry out the project.  
They begged that the matter be postponed and  
nothing more was heard of it. Owing however  
to the recent recrudescence of brigandage  
in the region the Central Government has  
again telegraphed to the Viceroy to consult his  
colleague on the question of removal. The  
telegram adds that funds must be raised and the  
capital transferred without any further delay.  
Some new taxation will be imposed in the  
Kwangtung Province before long and the  
Cantonese people will have to pay the piper for  
the transference of their neighbouring capital.A TRICKY OFFICIAL AND THE STAVING  
BARBERS.A few days ago the Barbers Guild presented  
a petition to the Taotai of Industries stating  
that many of their fraternity are now on the  
verge of starvation through being thrown out  
of employment on account of the State mourning.  
The petitioners begged the Taotai to ask the  
Government to grant a certain allowance for the  
maintenance of each barber during the mourning  
period of 100 days, if the Government should  
refuse their permission for the re-opening of  
their shops after 27 days' mourning. In support  
of their request they mentioned that an allowance  
of \$2 to each barber had been made by the  
Government in Tientsin, Hankow and other  
places during the mourning period. The Taotai  
drew the attention of the Guild to the fact  
that their petition was not in proper order,  
as it did not bear the signature of any  
person and requested the Guild to send a  
fresh petition signed by at least two  
leading members of the Guild. On receipt of  
the second petition the Taotai ordered the  
signatories to be arrested for their audacity in  
making such a proposal. They are now in the  
Nam Hoi prison and will be tried and punished  
when the mourning period is over.

## CANTON-HANKOW RAILWAY.

The Directors of the Company have informed  
the public that a further 15 days' time is allowed  
to the shareholders who reside in Canton to  
pay the second instalment due on their shares.  
Shareholders who reside in any other part of  
China are requested to pay the second call not  
later than the 30th day of the 12th moon and  
those who are residing in foreign countries can  
pay the second call whenever they like because  
they are allowed to apply for an extension  
of time after the 1st moon next year.

## WEATHER REPORT.

On the 11th at 11.55 a.m.—The barometer  
has fallen over China and Japan.The depression appears to exist over the  
N.E. part of the Sea of Japan.Areas of high pressure are lying to the S.E.  
of Japan and over the Upper Yangtze.Gradients have decreased, and moderate to  
fresh monsoon may be expected in the Formosa  
Channel and the N. part of the China Sea.Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending  
at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon  
to-day is as follows:—N. winds, moderate; fair.  
Hongkong & Neighbourhood, moderate; fair.  
N.E. winds, moderate; fair.  
Formosa Channel, moderate; fair.  
South coast of China between, Same as No. 1.  
Hongkong and Lamocks, Same as No. 1.  
South coast of China between, Same as No. 1.  
Hongkong and Hainan, Same as No. 1.



## SUPREME COURT.

Friday, December 11th.

## IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR SIR FRANCIS PIGOTT (CHIEF JUSTICE).

## A COMPROMISEE'S LIABILITY.

Further argument was heard in the case in which S. J. David and Co. sued Chan Ut Chai, a compromisee formerly in their employ, for the recovery of \$648.816, amount of damages due under an agreement; and in the counter claim for the return of \$55,000, defendant's security. The hearing was then adjourned sine die.

## IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR MR. H. H. J. GOMPERTZ (ACTING-PUISNE JUDGE).

## MASTER AND SERVANT.

Action was brought by Ho Yuk, a "boy" in the employ of Mr. G. Bertelone, to recover from his master the sum of \$15.50 for wages due for 26 days.

Defendant stated that on the night of November 26th the plaintiff served a customer with cigarettes. The price for these was 45 cents, and the plaintiff failed to get the money. He told defendant that the purchaser took the bill, put it in his pocket and went away. Defendant said he would call the 45 cents. Plaintiff said, "that won't make me poor, and it won't make you rich." Then he put on his hat, walked out of the shop and did not return on the following day.

His Lordship—Your custom is that servants who serve a customer are responsible for the bill being paid?—Yes.

I suppose there is no chance of this matter being settled?—I did not intend to "cut" him, but when he approached me in an awfully cheeky manner I "got the rag" and told him he could go. I intended to summons him, but did not know his address, and did not see him again until I got this summons.

Do you want me to hear the case, or do you wish me to settle it?—I will leave it to your Lordship.

Plaintiff was called and stated that a customer who entered the shop smoked 45 cents worth of cigarettes, said they were bad, and refused to pay for them. Plaintiff reported the matter to a European in the shop who tried to collect the money, but was unsuccessful. When the master entered he said he would deduct 45 cents from witness wages. Witness objected, as he had tried to collect the money, but was unable to do so. Defendant then dismissed him. Plaintiff asked for his wages, and was told that he would be paid on the 28th of November. He called on the morning of that day, and defendant told him to call again in the afternoon. When he returned in the afternoon defendant would not let him in, and refused to pay him his wages. Defendant's wife was in the shop when the foreigner refused to pay for the cigarettes, and she let the man go.

His Lordship—If the European would not pay and the plaintiff reported the matter to a European, then he cannot be held responsible.

Defendant—He did not report the matter until the man had left the shop. It is very hard to deal with these boys, and one must be very strict. I am very busy, and it is not my pleasure to be mixed up in trouble like this for 45 cents. Many times I have threatened to fine boys, but have not done so, and would not have done so in this instance if the plaintiff had not been so cheeky. He was very, very insulting. The Russian to whom the plaintiff reported the matter did not understand English.

His Lordship—Ought not the Russian to have reported to you?—He did not understand.

How long has this boy been with you?—Previously he was in my employ for three months. Then I dismissed him, but after he wrote me four or five letters to take him back I did so.

His Lordship adjourned the case for a week, and told the plaintiff that if he went and begged his master's pardon the matter might be settled.

## THE TERRIBLE CALAMITY AT A STRAITS QUARRY.

The Straits Times of the 2nd inst. contains the following particulars of the fatalities occasioned by the premature explosion of a gelignite charge at the Pulo Ubin granite quarry reported in a Daily Press telegram recently—

A fearful calamity occurred at Pulo Ubin at about 10 a.m. yesterday, resulting in the death of an Australian, after nearly twenty-four hours of intense physical suffering, the practically instantaneous death of two Chinese, and the most horrible injuries to five others, four of whom are not expected to survive.

The Municipality has three stone quarries at Pulo Ubin, and Sir John Jackson Limited, are getting stone for the new Harbour Works from two others. A force of a dozen Europeans and several hundred Chinese is kept constantly at work blasting rock and sending it over to the Teluk Ayer Reclamation.

A hole had been drilled, yesterday morning and a heavy charge of gelignite was being rammed in, when it exploded prematurely, fragments of stone dealing out death and fearful torture to those near, and tons of rock falling on two who were unable to get away.

Mr. J. Ross, one of the company's employees, who was supervising the work, had both arms blown off, both eyes destroyed, and a portion of his lower jaw carried away.

Mr. Ross also received other injuries. Two Chinese, who were buried under tons of rock, must have experienced little suffering, but the pains which must have been endured by Mr. Ross and the five Chinese survivors, who were brought to the General Hospital immediately by one of the Company's lamphoes, must have been beyond all possible description.

Mr. Ross died at about 9.30 a.m. to-day, and two of the Chinese, who were horribly disfigured, are not likely to survive. The unfortunate miner who met his untimely death under such painful circumstances had been in Singapore only a month. He was an Australian. So far as is known, he is a married man.

Every precaution is taken on Pulo Ubin for the safety of the workmen, and the origin of the whole occurrence is as yet a mystery.

## LOCAL SPORT.

## CRICKET.

## H.K.C.C. V. NAVY.

This afternoon on the Club's ground, commencing at 2 p.m., the above match will be played. The following players will represent the Club—R. Hancock, H. Hancock, T. E. Pearce, W. C. D. Turner, H. R. Makin, H. D. Sharpin, W. E. L. Shenton, F. H. H. Stevens, E. H. Hinds, A. P. Dashwood, and Walter J. Daniel.

## HONGKONG V. KOWLOON.

The following team will represent Hongkong in the above match on the Kowloon ground at 2 p.m., sharp—Lts. Anderson and Sill (the Buffs), E. A. Fowler, A. Mackenzie, S. S. Logan, A. B. Lowe, E. Irving, J. H. Chalmers, R. Postonji, H. H. Taylor and E. C. Hagen.

## C.S.C.C. V. MR. BROWN'S TEAM.

The following will represent the Civil Service Club on Craigiepower ground at 2 p.m., this afternoon—A. E. Davey (Capt.), J. McEwen, H. Ellis, A. G. Fife, A. M. Thornhill, H. Coombs, J. Mackay, F. E. Beach, E. W. Dawson, C. F. Burdett, and P. R. Adams. Reserves—S. J. Taylor, A. Gibson and W. S. Diggins.

## LUSITANO V. MOSLEM CLUB.

There will be a return match between Lusitano Recreation Club and Moslem Recreation Club on Sunday, 20.00 p.m. sharp at the latter Club's ground. The following will represent L.R.C.—A. J. C. V. Ribeiro, P. de Roza, F. X. Britto, C. Lopes, L. G. Cordeiro, I. P. Corveth, F. H. Hyndman, P. A. L. Yvanovich, A. V. Barros, T. Pereira, and A. G. Britto.

## LEAGUE CRICKET.

## C.S.C.C. V. TELEGRAPHS.

The following will represent the Civil Service Club on their own ground at 2 p.m., this afternoon—R. O. Hutchison (Capt.), Hon. Dr. Atkinson, R. E. Barlow, F. A. Biden, R. E. O'Bird, L. E. Brett, A. R. F. Raven, E. B. Reed, A. R. Sutherland, F. Sutton and R. C. Wittell.

## LEAGUE TABLE.

The following is the League Table up to date:—

Club	Played	Won	Lost	Drawn	Points	Per cent.
Civil Service	4	4	0	0	4	100
H.K.C.C. "B"	4	4	0	0	4	100
H.K.C.C. "A"	4	2	1	1	3	33.33
Telegraphs	3	1	1	1	0	—
Craigiepower	7	2	2	3	0	—
Hongkong Police	4	1	3	0	2	50
Royal Engineers	5	1	4	0	3	60
Kowloon	4	1	3	0	2	50
R. G. Artillery	3	0	2	1	2	50

N.B.—A Win counts 1 point.

A Loss "0"

A Draw "0"

## RUGBY.

A match will take place this afternoon at 4.30 p.m. at the Happy Valley between the Hongkong Football Club and the Navy.

It is anticipated that a good game will be witnessed as both teams will be strongly represented.

The Club team will be as follows:—Back, E. L. Shaw. Three-quarters, F. G. Carroll, A. E. Wood, Halves, L. I. Blackburn, and W. S. Hone. Forwards, H. G. C. Bailey, C. C. F. Cunningham, P. C. Hall, H. S. Lester, P. Linton, G. W. McIlraith, W. B. Stanton and E. D. C. Wolfe.

## HONGKONG FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

## TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

The League matches for this afternoon should all prove interesting; but no doubt the Naval Yard and Buffs will provide the tit bit for the afternoon, and the game is sure to be a well contested one. The records of the two teams are much the same, Naval Yard having drawn with Y.M.C.A. who beat R.E.s and Hongkong by the narrow margin of 1-0 on each occasion; and the Buffs have drawn with R.E.s and beat Hongkong by 1-0. Popular opinion has it that the Buffs have something up their sleeve; and no doubt to-day's match with Naval Yard will give the soldiers in tip top form, as the Naval turf must be more to their liking.

The match with Y.M.C.A. and "Medicals" should be a good one; but the "minits" should manage to capture the points.

Lusitano, in providing the opposition for the R.E.s, will do well to put more go into their play, and thus make their combination more effective. Form favours the R.E.s, but the unexpected sometimes happens, and the R.E.s must not take matters too easily.

The game between R.G.A. and our Boys will at least give the "boys" an idea of the standard of play required from aspirants to League honours; and as this is the first appearance of both teams, a rousing game should be the result.

R.A.M.C. v. Y.M.C.A., Military ground at 2.45 p.m. Referee Capt. Edwards (Buffs).

R.E. v. Lusitano, Military ground at 4 p.m. Referee Gunner Marsh, R.G.A.

Naval Yard v. The Buffs, Naval ground at 2.30 p.m. Referee, Sapper Heigh, R.E.

Our Boys v. R.G.A. Canaway Bay, at 4 p.m. Referee Sapper Heigh, R.E.

Y.M.C.A. team—Atkins, Van Ginkel and Mc Cabbie; Storrie, Wharton and Stables; Kelly, Wilson, Hunter, Clements and Bishop.

R.A.M.C. team—Foulkes, Redfern, and Caborn, Simpkins, Barr and Winn; Miller, Hill, Crow, Jones and Haigh.

Lusitano team—D. A. Soares, L. G. Cordeiro and A. H. Hyndman; F. H. Hyndman, A. A. Carvalho, and Frank Soares; J. F. Castro, I. Corveth, R. C. de Silva, J. A. Yvanovich, H. A. Hyndman.

Naval Yard team—Whiteaway, J. C. Joughin, and Bacon; Duvley, Glover, and Harding.

Cutler, Raney, Wilks, Coyne, and Dalziel.

## FRIENDLY MATCHES.

## "KING ALFRED" V. BUFFS.

Teams representing H.M.S. King Alfred and the Buffs stationed at Mt. Austin Barracks met in a friendly game on the Club's ground at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon, and an evenly contested match ended in draw, each team scoring 2 goals.

## R.G.A. (37th Co.) V. BUFFS.

The 37th Co. Royal Artillery beat the Buffs by 2 goals to 1 on the Military ground, Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon, but the result hardly gives the run of the play as, but for the splendid defence of the R.A., particularly the goalkeeper, the result would certainly have been a win for the Buffs.

## H.K.F.C. V. "KING ALFRED."

The following will represent the Club in their match against H.M.S. King Alfred at Happy Valley to-day, kick off at 3 p.m. sharp—Goal, F. H. Kew. Backs, A. Hamilton, E. Humphreys. Halves, T. E. Wall, J. Hall, H. L. Garrett. Forwards, A. Gregory, R. R. Turner, H. G. Bagnall, W. M. Weston, A. N. Other.

## GOLE.

The monthly competition for the Captains Cup was held at Happy Valley between December 5th and December 7th. The following cards were returned:—

A. N. Paxton	86	16	70
G. N. Orme	90	18	72
Major Macdonald	85	10	75
M. H. Penfold	92	17	75
W. S. Allen	94	18	76
E. J. Grist	82	4	78
D. W. Trutman	96	18	78
Lt. D. A. Baisa	94	14	80
H. C. E. Boncher	89	9	80
F. B. Deacon	89	9	80
C. T. Heath	87	6	81
Major G. D. Close	87	5	82
H. G. Tomlinson	92	9	83
C. H. Gale	98	14	84

31 entries.

POOL.

Major Macdonald	85	10	75
H. C. E. Boncher	87	9	78
M. A. Murray	85	5	80
Major G. D. Close	87	5	82
H. G. Tomlinson	92	9	83
C. H. Gale	98	14	84

24 entries.

Winner of Cup.

Winner of Pool.

## THE HONGKONG COLLEGE OF MEDICINE.

A telegram we publish in another column to-day reports that the China Society in London has resolved to petition the Colonial Office to subsidize a medical school for Hongkong. This resolution was the outcome of a lecture on Chinese medicine by Dr. Cantlie, and as our representative was informed in an interview with the Hon. Dr. Ho Kai yesterday, was indirectly brought about by the exertions of Dr. J. C. Thomson, secretary to the Hongkong College of Medicine, during his last holiday in England. When Dr. Thomson went home on leave, one of his objects was to appeal to the China Society for an endowment fund for the Hongkong College of Medicine. The Court of this College hoped to be able to raise sufficient at home to guarantee the appointment of one or two professors for a term of five years. Dr. Thomson approached Sir Patrick Manson, Dr. Hartigan, Dr. Cantlie and other prominent medicals and pointed out that it was the desire of the Court of the Hongkong College of Medicine to have that institution placed on a footing that would justify a demand for recognition of its qualification by the General Medical Council of Great Britain. To acquire this distinction suitably equipped buildings and specially qualified lecturers on anatomy and physiology were an essential preliminary. There was no lack of students, but what the Court wanted was a minimum capital sum of \$150,000 as an endowment for the College. With this amount, the Government annual grant and students' fees it would be possible to engage "the services of duly qualified teachers of anatomy and physiology as well as improve arrangements for the teaching of other subjects. Licentiatees of the College, it was pointed out, were exerting a wide and widening influence towards the breaking down of Chinese prejudices and obstruction to a better sanitation.

As the result of the Doctor's appeal a strong committee was formed in England, including the doctors above-named, and Surgeon-General Ewart, Surgeon-General Paterson, Sir Thomas Jackson, Prof. W. J. Simpson, Mr. R. E. Bellies, &c., and certain resolutions for the promotion of the subject in view were passed, the latest result of those being the telegram we publish in another column.

When a Daily Press representative called on Dr. Ho Kai yesterday to inquire whether the committee of the proposed University had approached the Colonial Office for a subsidy, he was informed that they had not. The Doctor stated further that ways and means in connection with the University project were still under consideration, and that no doubt if a university was established here the Hongkong College of Medicine would become the nucleus of it. In appreciation of the excellence of the training at the Hongkong College of Medicine Dr. Ho Kai stated that the claims of two licentiatees of this College who went home recently, to be admitted by the Joint Board of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Edinburgh to their final examination without further qualifications had been acknowledged.

These licentiatees are now studying for the degrees of M.B., Ch.B. in Edinburgh University, and the Senate of the University has admitted them to a two years' curriculum, this concession being the utmost possible to the University under its regulations. The Joint Board of Preliminary Examiners for the Scottish Universities has admitted them to study in Edinburgh without further preliminary examination, and the General Medical Council of the United Kingdom has ante-dated their medical registration in Great Britain to the beginning of their course of study in Hongkong, to permit of their availing themselves of the shortened period of study granted by the Edinburgh University. "We only require a little help," said Dr. Ho Kai in conclusion, to make our licentiatees equal to any at home."

## HOME AND CHINA AFFAIRS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, November 13.

## "FILLING UP THE CUP."

There is a growing idea here that Mr. Asquith is preparing for an election next year, or early in 1910. He is doing what the late Premier called "filling up the cup" against the House of Lords, and then he wants to go to the country with an anti-Lords plea, aided by references to Old Age Pensions and other social measures.

But there are some side issues that, while tending to confirm this report, show that changes are proceeding in the methods of both parties. First, the old time exclusiveness that more or less dominated the Conservatives is breaking down, even more than it has done since the admission of such financiers as Mr. Harry Marks to the party. The Campaign fund comes mainly from wealthy tariff reformers who will not allow that issue to be shirked in any degree, and though the propaganda is making progress, the abandonment of Free Trade is not yet altogether popular with the working classes. Therefore measures, are being taken within the party to rally the industrial centres and more moderate elements. It is proposed to nominate at least half a dozen Conservative-Labour men with tariff reform views in the large manufacturing centres, and so to unite, if possible, the aristocracy and the democracy. It has not been finally decided yet, but it is on the cards, and the growth of the Labour Party movement makes the idea within the scope of practical and wise politics.

On the other side signs are to be seen of a new rapprochement between the Liberals and the Irish Nationalists. At the last election the coolness of Liberals generally on the Home Rule issue, which had been growing steadily since Mr. Gladstone's defeat in 1895 and 1896, became a positive frost in most constituencies, and scores of Liberals, including Mr. Asquith himself, declared against Home Rule in this Parliament, so as to catch the Unionist Free-Trade vote.

But the most active spirits in the Cabinet—Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Winston Churchill—are Home Rulers, and they intend to dominate the situation in the future councils of the party. They are giving a handle to the Opposition that has been effective in the past, but they hope for the best and have public opinion can be brought to the Irish side, I doubt it myself, and I know that many Liberals, including the Premier himself, are not sweetly disposed to revive the corpse of this troublesome Bill. But the advanced section are going ahead on their own lines, and Irish Nationalists are from now on to appear in English constituencies alongside their Liberal sympathisers. Mr. John Redmond has already addressed a Liberal meeting in Manchester. It must be added that he is open and honest about his methods. He seems to hold the whip hand, for he dictated to the organisers of the meeting that the vote of confidence in the Liberal party was to be moved, but a resolution must be submitted pledging for out-and-out Home Rule.

These two developments affecting the chief parties of the State are worth watching, for they carry with them considerable possibilities for future trouble. For instance, is the Conservative party to become a Conservative-Democratic party? And is Lloyd-George to boss, or split, the Liberals?

## THE AMERICAN ELECTION.

The election of Mr. Taft has set American business booming and we are feeling some tinge of the good effects here also. Stocks both of produce and of company shares that had long been a drug are reviving, and reports are to hand showing a general impetus in industries. It will be, in fact, a continuation of the Roosevelt administration, without the enlivening variety of the Roosevelt fireworks in print and utterance from time to time.

"Billy Taft," as he is known to the American public, is regarded as a "safe" man. Incidentally he has strong intentions of helping the Philippines. "They are my first love," he has said since his election, "and I can't forget them for other things."

I have just seen a lot of the campaign literature that flooded the country in the last week of the campaign. I was struck by the part the Far East played in the illustrations. There were pictures of Mr. Taft disembarking at Shanghai, drinking tea with a Chinese mandarin, being chaired through Hongkong, opening the Philippine Assembly, and inspecting the waterworks at Manila. All aimed, of course, at showing him as the travelled, experienced, ready-for-all-circumstances, handy man.

President Roosevelt has written to an Irish correspondent stating that he will not come to Ireland or England next spring, but in March will go straight to Africa for his sporting trip, and then give the British Isles a call after that, if the lions do not get him meanwhile.

I hear, by the way that he is so impressed by the good impression made on American opinion by the Pacific cruise of the battleship fleet that he now hopes to induce Congress to consider the grant of no less than six battleships and a corresponding number of smaller craft, instead of four, as announced some weeks ago. At any rate the Naval Board is planning to ask for six in the hope of getting at least the original four.

Plans are also being prepared for the re-equipment of many torpedo-boats so as to secure greater speeds.

## SIR HENRY BLAKE.

So valuable were the services of Sir Henry Blake to the recent Rubber Exhibition that those who were prominently associated with it are proposing to make a presentation to him. I notice too that he has developed an appetite for such enterprises and has consented to become one of the vice-presidents of the Tropical Exhibition to be held at Olympia next year. Sir Gilbert Parker is the President, and the object is to demonstrate the attractions and productive resources of Tropical countries, both as affecting commercial firms and sportsmen. Rubber is not being

touched in this exhibition; that is to have a second show of its own on an enlarged basis in two years' time. Mr. A. Staines Manners, the exhibition organiser, is running the plans for this Tropical show.

A SCHOOL FOR ORIENTAL LANGUAGES. In connection with the movement for the establishment of a School for Oriental Languages, mainly for the benefit of those intending to join the public services in the Eastern colonies, the Overseas League is gathering opinion from ex-viceroy and ex-governors, and when the case is complete the Government is to be asked to receive a deputation, with a view to the extraction of a grant from the Treasury for the establishment of the school, preferably in connection with the London University.

## CHINESE SAILORS.

Apparently the stringent regulations laid down by Mr. Winston Churchill, since his arrival as chief of the Board of Trade, with a view to preventing Chinese sailors from unfairly outwitting British mariners from ships plying between our ports, have not made the Oriental sailors despair. Mr. Havelock Wilson, M.P., the seamen's representative, declares that many artful dodges are being contrived in order that has come to our knowledge that the great difficulty of identifying any particular Chinaman is being turned to advantage by the Asiatics so that they are enabled to evade the regulations right and left.

"A Chinaman for instance, who can speak English well, passes the language test and is entered on the ship's books, but before the vessel sails, his place is taken by another who knows no English at all. The first is then free to do the same thing again, and so the fraud goes on, and British seamen are supplanted by the Chinaman in spite of the regulations. There will have to be some much better means of identification before the arrangements can be regarded as satisfactory."

Nevertheless Mr. Havelock Wilson admits that the number of Chinese seamen in the East has been steadily decreasing, and he believes that since Mr. Winston Churchill took charge at the Board of Trade the figures have dropped from a thousand to barely a third of that total.

## THE BIRTHDAY HONOURS LIST.

The inclusion of several men of Eastern service in the Birthday Honours list has been cordially approved by the Press here at home. Sir Matthew Nathan has earned his K.C.M.G. beyond a doubt, and the same is said of the K.C.M.G. for Mr. James H. Stewart Lockhart and Captain Arthur Henderson Young, the Straits Colonial Secretary, and the K. E. of Mr. Law of the Federated Malay States. The services of Sir Matthew Nathan particularly in the Durban Conference of the South African colonies are appreciated by the Government.

Taking the list altogether it should please even those rampant purists in politics who have been so raucous in late years in their demands for titles only for public service and not for contributions to the party campaign chest.

## THE CHINA SOCIETY.

Sir Robert Hart is a drawing card for any gathering in this country. Probably neither the Chinese Minister nor his popular First Secretary, Ivan Cheng, would find fault with my statement that the chief attraction at the opening meeting of the winter session of the China Society at the Carlton Hall last night was the chairman, Sir Robert Hart. The two Chinese officials mentioned contributed the papers read, but it was to "Chinese Hart" that the crowded audience looked. It was indeed by far the best meeting the Society has yet held, apart from dining functions. Everybody in the Anglo-Chinese colony here who could attend did so, and took friends. All the old familiar faces were there and many lately home on furlough or for good. And they gave the Chairman a most rousing reception.

Having very briefly opened the meeting Sir Robert called on the Chinese Minister, Lord Li Ching-fong, who delivered a brief address in which he sketched the bare outlines of "The General Evolution of Chinese Philosophy and Science."

Sir Robert Hart then proposed a vote of thanks to the Minister, congratulating him on the skill with which he had in English constructed his paper and worked out his arguments. Sir Robert added that during his first year in China, 1854, he was astonished to find electricity so far advanced. He noticed that the children in the streets amused themselves by standing at opposite sides of the street and communicating with each other by means of a rope—an anticipation of the telephone. Similarly he showed how the Chinese had anticipated our game, our phonographs, and our game of diabolo. In these and many other ways the Chinese had proved themselves to be most intelligent and able inventors, and they appeared to be able to achieve almost anything they set their minds to in that way. As he had said many times before he believed the Chinese nation had a great future before it.

Next came Mr. Ivan Cheng, with one of his quite remarkable papers, showing a wit, a sarcasm and a command of English that would be difficult to match in all the foreign diplomatic corps in London. His subject was "Climbing the Chinese social ladder." The Su Ch'en epoch was the most important in considering this question, for he formed a league against the rising power of his opponents. This made such an impression that he was treated with great respect. That result was visible in this day—when a man is poor and obscure he is treated with disrespect, but when success arrives so does respectful treatment. This was a matter that could not be disregarded so long as men lived in this mundane sphere, for the same rule prevailed on that score as in 350 B.C. In consequence of this the world has always been kept busy, everybody seeking to gain success and respect, whether in East or West. But in China some things were different in climbing the social ladder. China had no Parliament and therefore no political "pull" for social aggrandisement. There were no con-

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**GRAND EXHIBITION OF OIL PAINTINGS.**  
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To be held at the CITY HALL (St. Andrew's) on the 18th and 19th DECEMBER, 1906.

Admission 50 Cents.

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Hongkong, 12th December, 1906. [1656]

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

## THE Steamship

**"LIGHTNING."**  
Captain A. E. GENTLES, will be despatched for the above ports TO-DAY, the 12th Dec., at NOON, instead of as previously advertised. For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSON & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 11th December, 1906. [1638]

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

**THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship**  
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Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

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E. A. HEWITT,  
Superintendent.  
Hongkong, 11th December, 1906. [1]

## THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS &amp; CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT

is now ready and contains—  
Epitome of the Week's News.  
Leading Articles:  
International Penny-a-word Telegrams.  
The Balkan Question.  
An Unfulfilled Treaty Obligation.  
China and Opium.  
Asiatic Immigration.  
Random Reflections.  
Hongkong News.  
Masonic.  
Hongkong Legislative Council.  
Two Lukongs Murdered at Macao.  
Trade Mark Decision in Japan.  
Sanitary Board.  
The Prevailing Excitement at Canton.  
Canton News.  
Viceroys Chang Opposes the Opening of a Wharve.  
Emigration to Mexico Prohibited.  
Great-Choochofu Railway.  
Supreme Court.  
Soldier's Death.  
Bond or an Agreement?  
The Stamp Ordinance.  
Shipping Notes.  
Foreign Population in China.  
The King of Siam. Record Reign.  
The Philippines and Self-Government.  
Measure of Vladivostok.  
The Nippon Yacht Kaisha.  
Archdeacon Moule on the Reform Movement.  
The Japanese Navy.  
The Invention of Paper and Printing.  
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Hongkong, 28th November, 1906. [1050]

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WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16th, "MRS. DOT."  
THURSDAY, Dec. 17th, "A ROYAL DIVORCE."

FRIDAY, Dec. 18th, "MRS. WIGGS OF THE CABBAGE PATCH."  
SATURDAY, Dec. 19th, "THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL."

TUESDAY, Dec. 22nd, "JACK STRAW."  
WEDNESDAY, Dec. 23rd, "DIANA OF DOBSON'S."

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Doors Open 8.30 P.M. Commence 9 P.M.  
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Hongkong, 10th December, 1906. [1653]

## BAZAAR

IN AID OF THE  
Poor Chinese Orphans of the  
ASILE DE LA SAINTE ENFANCE.

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HIS EXCELLENCY SIR FREDERICK LUGARD, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.  
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ASILE DE LA SAINTE ENFANCE.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1906. [1633]

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**FOR** February 1909, CLERK, aged not under 30, as ASSISTANT MANAGER of Outport RICE MILL. German preferred. First rate references required.  
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Z 101,  
Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1906. [1648]

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Hongkong, 13th November, 1906. [1371]

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Hongkong, 27th November, 1906. [81]

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## PRELIMINARY NOTICE. PUBLIC AUCTION.

**THE** Underigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED, ON

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TERMS:—As usual.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1906. [1649]

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**1** To Sell by Public Auction, On MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 21st and 22nd December, 1906, at 10 A.M., at H.M. NAVAL ESTABLISHMENTS, SUNDAY OLD AND SURPLUS NAVAL AND VICTUALING STORES.

Comprising—  
OLD AND SURPLUS NAVAL STORES: IRON BLOCKS, HOSES, LAMPS and LANTERNS, TOOLS, OLD IRON and METAL, ELECTRIC CABLES, OLD BOILER, STEAM HAMMER, COAL SACKS, CANVAS BAGS, OLD INDIA-RUBBER, OLD LEATHERS, CARPETS, MATTINGS, OLD BOATS, FURNITURE, &c., &c.

OLD AND SURPLUS VICTUALING STORES: PROVISIONS, Seamen's CLOTHING, BLANKETS, Officers' Mess TRAPS, (A quantity of ELECTRO-PLATED ARTICLES), IMPLEMENTS, Seamen's MESS UTENSILS, OAK STAVES, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS OF SALE:—As Customary.  
HUGHES & HOUGH,  
Government Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1906. [1650]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG: ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.  
Action No. 21 of 1906.

**PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE OF THE**  
Undermentioned Share and Interest in LEASEHOLD LANDED PROPERTY  
To be Sold  
IN ONE LOT  
by  
PUBLIC AUCTION,  
On TUESDAY,  
the 22nd day of December, 1906, at 3 P.M. by  
MR. GEO. P. LAMBERT, at his  
Sales Room, Duddell Street.

**UNDER** the direction of ARATHOON SEH, Esquire, I.S.O., the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Hongkong, pursuant to an Order of the said Court made in the above Action on the 17th day of November, 1906.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE PARTICULARS:—  
The one equal undivided SIXTH SHARE and interest of YU HONG otherwise YU LOK NO. 6 and in all the Piece or Parcel of Land registered in the Land Office as Section "D" of Marine Lot No. 61, which has been carved for the matter of Mortgages into Two Sections namely: The Subsection 1 of Section "D" of Marine Lot No. 61, together with the Messuages or Tenements thereon known as Nos. 324, 326 and 328, Des Vœux Road, West, and No. 2, Sung Hing Lane and the Remaining Portion of Section "D" of Marine Lot No. 81, together with the Messuages and Tenements thereon known as Nos. 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 16 and 18, Sung Hing Lane.

The said premises are held for the residue of the term of 999 years from the 12th day of December, 1845, granted by a Crown Lease dated the 12th day of July, 1857, subject to the performance of the covenants in the said Crown Lease reserved and contained. As to the Remaining Portion of Section "D" of Marine Lot No. 81, the said premises are held subject to an Indenture of Mortgage registered in the Land Office by Memorial No. 41133 and to the principal sum of \$22,000 and interest thereon.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to—  
Messrs. D'ALMADA & SMITH,  
Solicitors for the Vendor,  
or  
MR. GEO. P. LAMBERT,  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1906. [1651]

## TO LET.

**G**ODOWN, No. 5A, DUDELL STREET.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 1st December, 1906. [823]

## TO LET.

**G**ODOWN in Wanchai 100 by 50, 885 per month; also open air space adjoining 125 by 100.

Apply to—  
Box 1012,  
Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 11th December, 1906. [1655]

## TO LET.

**R**OOMS in HOTEL MANSIONS, suitable for R. Offices or Chambers.

Apply to—  
HENRY HUMPHREYS,  
Alexandra Buildings.  
Hongkong, 11th November, 1906. [1550]

## TO LET.

**N**O. 14, SEYMOUR TERRACE. Possession from 1st January, 1909.

Apply to—  
THE COMPADORE DEPARTMENT,  
Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,  
St. George's Building.  
Hongkong, 2nd December, 1906. [1634]

## TO LET.

**A**BERTHOLWYN, PEAK ROAD, from 1st March next. Excellent Furniture, Hot and Cold Water laid on. Tennis Court and Swimming Bath.  
Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 6th October, 1906. [1372]

## TO LET.

**N**O. 52, CAINE ROAD.

Apply to—  
SAM WANG CO., LTD.  
81, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 30th September, 1906. [90]

## TO LET.

**K**OWLOON MARINE LOT 48, Yau-mat, Area 85,200 square feet and with 255 feet Sea Frontage. Especially suited for Storage of Coal, Timber, &c.

Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 18th January, 1908. [221]

## TO LET.

**2** BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, facing the Parade Ground. A 6-ROOMED HOUSE furnished or unfurnished at the Peak.

Apply to—  
REYTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.  
Hongkong, 14th November, 1906. [1566]

## TO LET.

**THE** Underigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

WM. MEYERINK & CO.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 5th September, 1906. [114]

## TO LET.

**THE** Underigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

CARLOWITZ & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 13th April 1906. [28]

## TO LET.

**FROM** 1st March, 1909, a FURNISHED HOUSE at No. 1, Gough Hill, the Peak.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 1st December, 1906. [1601]

## TO LET.

**ONE** OFFICE ROOM, Third Floor, New Praya 2, Opposite Murray Pier.

Apply to—  
SCHULDT & CO.  
Hongkong, 23rd July, 1906. [1013]

## TO LET.

**"FUNG-SHUI," 121, PLANTATION ROAD, THE PEAK.** This House which is admirably situated and within easy distance of the tram, is fully furnished, and contains Drawing and Dining Rooms, Three Large and One Small Bedrooms, Dressing and Bath Rooms, Pantry, Kitchen and Laundry, Servants' Quarters, Foultry House, Large Vegetable Garden (planted with English seeds) Flower Garden and Lawn.

For further particulars apply to—  
JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER,  
Solicitors,  
8, Des Vœux Road Central.  
Hongkong, 6th November, 1906. [1556]

## TO LET.

**OFFICES** in ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Apply—  
SECRETARY,  
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited.  
Hongkong, 23rd April, 1907. [91]

## TO LET.

**COAL YARD.** Immediate Possession. A PORTION OF THE COMPOUND of Marine Lot, No. 42, Wanchai, Praya East.

Apply to—  
N. MODY & CO.,  
Hongkong, 23rd July, 1906. [1342]

## TO LET.

**G**ODOWN, No. 97, PRAYA EAST.

Apply to—  
CHATER & MODY,  
Victoria Buildings.  
Hongkong, 19th October, 1906. [1452]

## TO LET.

**"CRABSIDE," BARKER ROAD PEAK** Furnished, from 17th March next.

Apply—  
A. H. SKELTON,  
Lane, Crawford & Co.  
Hongkong, 23rd November, 1906. [1597]

## TO LET.

**OFFICES** and ROOMS on the 1st and 2nd Floors of No. 14, Des Vœux Road Central (formerly occupied by Messrs. SHEWAN TOMES & Co.)

Apply to—  
THE COMPADORE DEPARTMENT,  
E. D. SASSON & CO.,  
Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 10th June, 1906. [947]

## TO LET.

**TWO** BE LET, a Portion of MARINE LOT No. 25 at NORTH POINT, Suitable for above Purpose. EXTENSIVE WATER FRONT. DEEP WATER.

Also FOR SALE  
Portions of MARINE LOTS Nos. 31 & 36 on PRAYA EAST. Approximate AREA 43,000 SQUARE FT. 99 YEARS' LEASE.  
For Particulars apply—  
GEO. FENWICK & Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 8th June, 1906. [84]

## TO LET.

**A** HOUSE in Wong Nei Chong Road.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 1st December, 1906. [86]

## TO LET.

**"HATHERLEIGH,"** Conduit Road. OFFICES in YORK BUILDING.

Apply to—  
GODOWNS in PRAYA EAST, BLUE Buildings and No. 16B, Des Vœux Road next to the Hongkong Hotel.

Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.  
Hongkong, 1st December, 1906. [86]

## INSURANCES

## NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1907 £18,114,624.

I. Authorized Capital £3,000,000  
Subscribed Capital 2,750,000  
Paid-up Capital 687,500 0 0  
II. Fire Funds 3,065,374 15 7

The Underigned, AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 21st July, 1906. [1019]

## AACHEN AND MUNICH FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF AIX-LE-CHAPPELLE.

**THE** Underigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

WM. MEYERINK & CO.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 5th September, 1906. [114]

## NATIONAL GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., OF LONDON.

**THE** Underigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

REYTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.  
Hongkong, 14th November, 1906. [1566]

## THE GLOBUS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

**THE** Underigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

CARLOWITZ & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 13th April 1906. [28]

## DAVID COESAR &amp; SON'S MERCHANT NAVY NAVY BOILED LONG FLAX RELIANCE CROWN TARPAILING

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.  
Sole Agents.  
994

## COLD STORAGE.

**THE** HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD., have now 40,000 Cubic Feet of Cold Storage available at EAST POINT. Stores will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.

G. K. HAXTON, Manager.  
Hongkong 1st April, 1906. [43]

## XMAS SEASON.

**WE** are now showing, the LATEST GOODS for the FESTIVE SEASON.

EVENING SILK GLOVES, MITTS, SHAWLS, WOOLLEN & SILK SCARVES, FEATHER BOAS, LACE STOCKINGS, (ASSORTED COLOURS), FANCY COLOURED SPANGLING TRIMMINGS.

Call and inspect before buying elsewhere.  
HOOSAIN-ALI & Co.,  
No. 14, Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1906. [651]

## CLEARANCE SALE

**REDUCTION OF 25 PER CENT. CASH ON DELIVERY.**

**WE** are holding a CHEAP SALE to clear part of Old Stock for 14 Days only from 1st to 14th DECEMBER, comprising—GLASS, CROCKERY, ENAMEL and ELECTRO PLATED WARE, MARBLE CLOCKS, COUNTERPANES, DOWN QUILTS, CARPETS, PRINTS, TABLE LAMPS, TABLE CLOTHS, IRON and BRASS BEDSTEPS, IRON COOKING STOVES, etc., etc.

Must be Sold to make Room for new and up-to-date Stock.

## A. TACK &amp; CO.

26, DES VŒUX ROAD.  
Hongkong, 1st December, 1906. [1628]

## DR. M. H. CHAUN.

**THE** latest Method of the AMERICAN SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.  
33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.  
Hongkong, 17th April, 1907. [1261]

## SIEN TING

**SURGEON DENTIST.**  
No. 10, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultation Free.  
Hongkong, 21st September, 1905. [1327]

## NEW CARTRIDGES.

**BY** popular English Manufacturers. In all Bore and Sizes.



**Cunliffe, Russell & Co.**  
10 & 12, Place de la Bourse,  
PARIS  
SECURITIES ISSUED BY  
European Govts. and  
Municipalities offering  
prospects of immense returns.  
To be purchased for cash or on the  
"Times" system of monthly payments.  
CUNLIFFE, RUSSELL & CO. being the oldest-established  
firm of dealers in French Bonds in the  
world, offer advantages absolutely un-  
obtainable elsewhere. Bonds guaranteed.  
Exceptional facilities for payment. Numbers  
checked after every drawing. Results of Draw-  
ings in English. Holders of drawn Bonds ad-  
vised at once. Prizes collected free of charge.  
Bonds purchased at sight "à la cote" granted  
on Premium Bonds. Service continue until  
last Bond drawn. All transactions confidential.

AS SUPPLIED TO THE HOUSE OF  
LORDS, AND HOUSE OF COMMONS.

**THORNE'S**  
OLD VAT

PER CASE



\$15

THIS VAT WAS STARTED BY THE LATE ROBERT THORNE  
OF GREENOCK AND HAS BEEN SOLD SINCE 1831

**SCOTCH WHISKY.**

SOLE AGENTS IN  
HONG KONG, CHINA & MANILLA.  
A. S. WATSON & CO. LTD.

**MERRYWEATHER'S**  
Light Portable "VALIANT."

The  
Ideal  
Fire  
Engine  
and  
Steam  
Pump  
for  
FIRE  
ENGINE  
WORK.Lightest  
Pump  
on  
the  
Market.  
Weight  
10 cwt. 6 lb.Can be  
started by  
a few  
men  
through  
narrow  
streets,  
doorways,  
etc.Ask for Illustrated Pamphlet No. 728-1.  
MERRYWEATHER & SONS, 45, Long Lane, W.C.  
Works: Greenwich, S.E., London.

**MARTIN'S**  
APIOL & STEEL  
PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irritations. Thousands of  
Ladies keep a box of this medicine in their homes, as it is the best  
sign of any irregularity of the system. It is a purely natural  
remedy, and its use is recommended by the most famous  
doctors. At all Chemists, Druggists, and Grocers.  
"MARTIN'S, CHAMBERLAIN & CO. LTD., LONDON."

**CLARKE'S**  
B. 41.  
PILLS.

A warranted cure for all  
acquired or constitutional Dis-  
charges from the Urinary Organs  
in either sex. These famous Pills  
also cure Gonorrhea, Gleet, and  
all other Urinary Disorders. Free  
from mercury. Forty  
years' success. Sold by all  
Chemists and Storekeepers  
throughout the world.

London Selling Agents

TEA, INDIGO  
FIBRES  
BISTYLES  
CLOTHS  
HIDES & SKINS  
RUBBER, DRUGS  
COTTON, WOOL  
ORES, MICA  
GUNS, AND  
GENERAL  
PRODUCE

**KEYMER, SON & CO.**  
(Incorporated in England)  
Whitcomb, London  
Telegrams: "Keymer, London."

**SAVARESE'S**  
SANDAL  
CAPSULES

Efficacious because absolutely pure  
English Oil. Not made of gelatine.  
Full directions all Chemists.  
INSIST ON SAVARESE'S

**KEATING'S**  
LOZENGES

**LOZENGES**

**CURE THE WORST COUGH**

SOLD IN BOTTLES EVERYWHERE

# PARLIAMENT AND THE SUNDAY CLOSING QUESTION.

In the course of the recent debates in the House of Commons on the Licensing Bill, Mr. Asquith quoted the cases of Scotland and Wales, where there is complete Sunday closing, as object lessons of its success. The law with regard to hotels and refreshment houses would remain, and persons who wanted food or "a cup of tea" during prohibited hours would have no difficulty. "I am sure," said Mr. Asquith, looking at Mr. Rawlinson, "that the hon. member who is a recorder will bear me out with regard to the law."

Mr. Rawlinson: Speaking from the point of view of practice and not of theory, I think the right honorable gentleman would have considerable difficulty in getting into these premises during prohibited hours—(a pause)—unless he were recognised. (Laughter.)

Mr. Asquith: I can only say that I have done it before now—(laughter)—when there has been no question of recognition. (Laughter.)

Mr. Balfour: If you prevent a man from having his glass of beer in the public-house on Sunday are you not compelling him to store whisky?

The briefest speech of the afternoon was made by Mr. William Johnson, the Labour member for Nunawton. "I am not one of the temperance wolves, but I am going to support this clause through thick and thin," he was, however, against prohibition. "Any man who attempts to stop me from having my glass of beer at any hour on Sunday or any other time will have a difficult subject to deal with."

"I always tell my children two things; first, they must go to a place of worship at least once every Sunday; secondly, they must never be late for dinner." "Hear, hear, hear," cried members.

Mr. P. J. St. John: I could tell you some funny things—"Go on, go on," cried members.

"They need to say, 'John, what a real case you have,' and he would reply, 'Well, it's not at your expense. You can have one like it if you like to pay for it.' But my father never went to a public-house on a Sunday, though he had plenty during the week."

Mr. G. N. Barnes contended that Sunday closing was not responsible for the prevalent whisky-drinking in Scotland, and quoted Mr. W. J. Tynan as saying: "I am not a teetotaler, but I am a teetotaler."

Mr. Jesse Collins was emphatic: "You are seeking to treat the whole nation as drunkards. Colonel Lockwood, the Unionist member for Epping, roused cries of dissent from the Labour members by stating that drunkenness among the upper classes was rare."

Mr. Tom Richards, the Labour member for West Monmouth, made an earnest speech, listened to with deep attention. "Mr. Balfour reminds me," he said, "of an old gentleman who objected strenuously to the purchase of a church harmonium, but after the vote had gone against him led the subscription list with a large donation. He said, 'If you are going to worship God by machinery, then I want to get the very best machine possible.'"

## ORIENTAL IMMIGRATION.

Colonel Seely opened a discussion at a meeting in London on "Oriental Immigration." He said he chose the topic of Asiatic immigration into the British Empire because it was the most difficult of any, and because he believed that the more they discussed the problem the easier it would become. Many things were necessary to the greatness of the British Empire. Among other things there must be some interchange of human beings. He believed that there was possibility for such interchange provided they were based on what lines that interchange must exist. He conceived that if interchange was possible, and if there was some measure of sanity in our administration, and also a predominant Navy, the British Empire might last indefinitely, not only for the good of those who dwell within the Empire, but for the general good of the whole of humanity. It there must be some interchange of human beings. He believed that there was possibility for such interchange provided they were based on what lines that interchange must exist. He conceived that if interchange was possible, and if there was some measure of sanity in our administration, and also a predominant Navy, the British Empire might last indefinitely, not only for the good of those who dwell within the Empire, but for the general good of the whole of humanity.

There was the difficult question of the Indians in the Transvaal. There was the still more difficult question of the Indians in Natal. If they agreed that all parts or the English dominions should be permitted by their Governments, with the full approval of the Government here in England to exclude whom they would in the interests of humanity, at least let them agree on this proposition—that those who had already come in with the exception of being allowed to live there should be treated not only with fairness, but with generosity. A strange thing had happened in South Africa. Tens of thousands of Indians had come there; many of them, in the case of Natal, encouraged and urged to come, believing that it was to be their permanent home. But the people in South Africa had come to the conclusion that they could not have the white problem complicated with the yellow problem. Speaking for himself personally, he entirely agreed with them. He thought he might go on to say that the present rulers of South Africa fully appreciated that point of view, and he had reason to believe that both General Botha and Mr. Smuts would agree with what he had so far said. But there was an immense problem to be faced, for the Asiatic population of the Colony now actually exceeded its white population. The solution could not be foretold to-day, but some of the principles which it undoubtedly would embody were the same as in Transvaal—fair treatment for the Asiatics who had come, satisfaction for the legitimate expectations with which they came, perhaps compensation, adequate and liberal, for the disappointment of some of those expectations. There were also difficulties of a converse kind to be faced. He instanced the case of Australia. It was primarily a white man's country, but its territory stretched far up into tropical zones. And Australian opinion clung so earnestly to the ideal of a white Australia that it had said—"We will make the experiment of peopling even the tropical territory solely with the white race." Whether that experiment would be successful remained to be seen. It was at bottom a question of population. The

future of Australia would depend on the possibility of having an increased white immigration, and a higher white birth-rate. Another case they might take was that of East Africa which had a high table-land with a climate more or less like that of the temperate zone. Like South Africa, it could never be purely a white man's country, for it had a great indigenous coloured population. In East Africa they must simply wait and see whether the ideal of a mainly white country was going to be realised. If it was, they must do nothing to thwart it.

## COUGHING HERSELF INTO HER GRAVE.

CONSUMPTIVE CHILD'S LIFE SAVED IN  
CEYLON BY

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

"Nearly everybody in Kandy knows of my little daughter Edna's wonderful cure by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She is the wonder of our friends," said Mr. A. P. Gunasekara of the Cash Medical Co.



Kandy, Ceylon. No wonder, then, that this thankful father, willingly gives the following testimony to that other fathers and mothers might gain help and comfort from his own dear child's experience.

"About nine months ago Edna caught a chill," continued Mr. Gunasekara, "and which result she became afflicted with a cough, which gradually grew so severe that she could hardly breathe. I had the doctors in to see her, and they prescribed medicines, but the child went from bad to worse, until at last her condition was so critical that they said she could not possibly live more than a few weeks longer. The child had developed in Consumption, and day after day our little one wasted away, until there was not much of her left but skin and bone. All the blood seemed to have gone from her body, her eyes were sunken and yellow, her appetite amounted to practically nothing, she was greatly afflicted with diarrhoea, could hardly ever get a restful sleep. All our friends, as well as the doctors, were sure that the child would not live."

"During the five months that Edna's illness took to reach this critical stage, we were many times advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for pale people, and we had always refused, for we could not believe that these Pills would be any good in so bad a case as this. But in the end we determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to see if by any chance they might save the child's life. After we had given Edna the first dose of these Pills we noticed a change for the better in her condition—the cough was not so severe, and she could sleep better. Encouraged by these good signs, we continued to give our child the Pills—half a pill for each dose—and to our great joy the improvement continued. The little one's appetite returned until she could eat almost anything; the diarrhoea ceased, her eyes became bright and clear, she developed strength and vitality in a manner absolutely surprising. By the time she had taken the contents of only two bottles of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills she was completely cured, and ever since then she has been as lively and well as a child could be."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cured Edna Gunasekara and restored her strength by supplying her run-down system with good, rich, life-giving blood. In the same way these Pills have cured thousands of persons of other ailments arising from weak or impure blood, such as Anaemia, Debility, Early Decay, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Dropsy, Malaria, Liver complaint, Indigestion, Headaches, Scrophulous Eruptions, and those special ailments which afflict ladies between youth and middle age. Obtainable at most shops where medicines are sold, and also direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 38, Kinkaid Road, Shanghai, at \$1.50 per bottle or 6 bottles for \$8.

## JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Messrs. Vernon and Smyth in their weekly share report, dated Hongkong 11th Dec. 1908, stated:—A fair business has been transacted on a steady market during the week. Estates have not materially altered, and we have no special features to report. Sterling and Barsilver have ruled rather firmer and close at 22½ and 1s. 8½d. T. T. respectively.

BANKS.—Hongkong and Shanghai after a few further sales at 850 in the early part of the week ruled rather quieter, and with a few shares on offer at that rate the advance reported in recent issues received a check. The market, however, closes very steady at quotations both here and in the north, and offers to buy at lower rates meet with no response. Shanghai quotes Tls. 635 (equal to 849 in Hongkong). Nationals unchanged and without business.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Unions continue scarce and the demand still existing, the rate has improved to 825 buyers without any reported sales. Cargoes have changed hands at 195, and a reported sale at 177½, the market closing steady at the former rate. Yangtzeas are required for at \$160 and North Chinas have improved to 102½ with small sales.

FIRE INSURANCES.—Hongkong remain neglected at 350 with sellers, and no sales to report. Chinas have continued in favour, and after sales at 104 and 105, close steady at the latter rate.

SHIPPING.—Hongkong, Canton and Macao have been placed at 294, sellers ruling the market at time of closing. Indo-Chinas continue totally neglected. Douglasas are still unchanged for at 33, but no shares are forthcoming. Other stocks under this heading call for no comment.

REFINERIES.—China Sugars have ruled weaker with some shares on offer and no business to report. Luzons remain neglected.

MIXING.—Ranhs have been dealt in to a considerable extent at rates between 6 and 92, closing weaker with sellers at 94. Chinese Engineering have improved in the North to 164, Langkats to 990.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.—Docks remain neglected with sellers at 91 and no sales to report. Kowloon Wharves are also very quiet, at 44 with sellers and no sales. Shanghai Docks have failed to maintain their position in the North and have declined to 75 cash, with local sales at that and at 77 for March.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.—We have no changes or business to report under this heading, with the exception of small sales of Humphreys at 92.

CORROZ.—Mills.—Ewes have improved to 71 with buyers in the North. Internationalals to 60 and Soy Chees to 70. Lahn-Kung Mills have declined to 70.

MACHINERY.—We have nothing to report under this heading except sales of Cements and a demand for Watsons. China Providents, Union Water Boats and Electricities at quotations.

# INSTIGATING A BOYCOTT AT BANGKOK.

CHINESE AGITATORS AT WORK.

On November 20, it was found that, in various places about Bangkok, placards had been pasted up urging the Chinese of Bangkok to boycott Japanese goods.

The "Siam Observer" learns that several Chinese, who are supposed to have been connected with the recent boycott riots in Hongkong and who, it is said, fled from the British Colony to avoid arrest, arrived in Bangkok a few days since. These men are Cantonese and apparently they design to attempt to stir up trouble in Bangkok as they did in Hongkong.

Immediately upon their arrival, they sought to purchase one of the Chinese newspapers published in Bangkok, but were informed, adds our contemporary, that they were not successful in carrying the negotiations through. However, as the placards prove, they have succeeded in getting their inflammatory literature printed. These appeals to the Chinese are not only pasted up in prominent positions but are also distributed broadcast by hand and moreover are said to have been published in a local Chinese paper.

These facts have been, we understand, communicated to His Excellency the Japanese Minister. Unless, however, it be proven that Japanese trade is being adversely affected by the efforts of the agitators, it is unlikely that His Excellency will ask the Government to take action.

Following is a translation of the appeal:—"We Chinese nation, and it is well known therefore that a boycott is insisted on at Canton against Japanese goods. This prevails also at Hongkong and Singapore, and even at Sydney. Everywhere the Chinese are boycotting Japanese goods. Notwithstanding this boycott everywhere, here in Bangkok only, the Chinese are called like pigs or dogs. Japan being a strong Power the only means to make way against the country is by refusing to buy or sell its goods. Please bear this in mind."

Needless to add, this document is not signed.

## CHURCH SERVICES.

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong, 13th December, 3rd Sunday in Advent. Holy Communion (7.30 a.m.) Matins (11 a.m.) Responses, Psalms, Venite, Tricle, Psalms, of the 13th week, (11); Benedicite, Hopkins, Elvey, Hopkins, Hens; dictas, Langdon; Hymns, 238, 217 and 47; Prother, Rev. A. Dallas Smith, C. F. Evansong; 6.45 p.m. Responses, Psalms, of the 13th week, (1); Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, Woeley in F, Anthem, "In this dread hour" if with your whole hearts, Spohr; Hymns, 200 and 49; Sevenfold Amen; Prother, The Lord Bishop of Victoria, Voluntary, Sonata in B flat Mendelssohn. N.B.—Psalms 93, Ver. 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 25, 26, 31, and 32, in union, Psalm 70, Ver. 1, 5, 6, in union. [Trio] St. Peter's Church, Queen's Road West—3rd Sunday in Advent. Morning Prayer 11 a.m. Venite, Tricle, Psalms, Woodward; Te Deum, Oakley; Benedicite, Cooke; Hymns, 40, 43, 65 and 490. Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7 p.m. Nunc Dimittis, Savage; Hymns 74, 69, 271 and 13. The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Victoria will preach at the Morning Service at 11 o'clock.

St. James' Church, Kennedy Road, Sunday School Anniversary Special Preacher—Rev. S. B. Koster, D.D. (Manila). 11 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon at 8 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon at 11 a.m. (attended weather permitting) by the Church parade party, "If Comely pay 2nd Bath." The Buffs. Sunday School at 3 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7 p.m. The offertories will be in the Church. A Lenten Service (which will be in the Treasurer's debt) and some heavy claims to meet in the near future.

St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road (Roman Catholic). Mass, Benediction and Sermon in English, at 10 a.m.

As your teeth  
are wanted to last  
—for years to come—  
begin now to use

**Calvert's**  
Tooth Powder

However perfect your teeth may naturally be, they still require, and will well repay, the slight trouble and the short time you should daily give to their care.

The regular use of Calvert's Carbolic Tooth Powder ensures a complete antiseptic cleansing, helps the toothbrush to do its work easily, pleasantly, and thoroughly, and thus assists your own efforts towards keeping the teeth in the best possible condition.

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**Don't Trifle  
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Cure it Now.**

There is positively nothing equal to Angier's Emulsion for coughs, bronchitis and all lung affections. By its peculiar soothing and healing effects it stops the cough, allays soreness and inflammation, improves the breathing, and makes expectoration easy. At the same time it keeps the digestive organs in a healthy condition and acts as a tonic to the entire system. One day's trial will convince you of its soothing, cough-allaying, lung-healing power.

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(PETROLEUM WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.)

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Dear Sirs,—I find Angier's Emulsion especially valuable in chronic bronchitis, and I have no less than very marked results who are at present accompanied with asthma, the effect is very marked indeed. I have observed recently that the stomach can continue to take Angier's Emulsion almost indefinitely without any bad effects, hence I have had patients who were taking other emulsions abandon them in favour of yours. I know of no other preparation from which such excellent, permanent results have been obtained.

(Signed) —L.F.P.S. Glas & L.M.

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1514

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MONTSEERAT**

**LIME JUICE CORDIAL**

which is made exclusively from the splendid cultivated limes of the Island of Montserrat. Mixed with plain or aerated water, this Cordial is the ideal household drink in hot weather.

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Hongkong, 16th October, 1907.

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FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
LONDON VIA USUAL PORTS DEVAHNA	Capt. W. Hayward, R.N.R.	Noon, 12th Dec.	See Special Advertisement.
LONDON and ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO PORT SAID and MARSEILLES	Capt. F. E. Fergusson	About 16th Dec.	Freight only.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	Capt. G. M. Montford, R.N.R.	About 20th Dec.	Freight and Passage.

For further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,  
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 8th December, 1908.

# CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	"SZECHUEN"	On 12th Dec., 4 P.M.
SWATOW, AMOY and SHANGHAI	"HANGCHOW"	On 13th Dec., 10 A.M.
HOIHOW and HAIPHONG	"CHIEH LI"	On 14th Dec., 10 A.M.
MANILA	"TINGPO"	On 14th Dec., 4 P.M.
NINGPO and SHANGHAI	"YCHOOW"	On 15th Dec., 3 P.M.
SAMARANG and SOERABAYA	"KUEICHOW"	On 15th Dec., 4 P.M.
CEBU and ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	On 16th Dec., 4 P.M.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY, with Transhipment for TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND, ADELAIDE, FREMANTLE and PERTH	"TAIYUAN"	On 21st Dec., 4 P.M.
MANILA STEAMERS & TIENTSIN STEAMERS have superior Passenger accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon.	"TAMING"	On 22nd Dec., 3 P.M.

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

SHANGHAI STEAMERS have good Saloon Passenger accommodation and take cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

REDUCED SALOON FARES, SINGLE AND RETURN, TO MANILA AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

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Hongkong, 12th December, 1908.BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
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HIGHEST CLASS—FASTEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS STEAMERS ON THE COAST, HAVING SPLENDID ACCOMMODATION FOR FIRST-CLASS PASSENGERS. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FIRST-CLASS CUISINE.

STEAMERS	FOR	LEAVING
"HAICHING"	AMOY & SWATOW	SUNDAY, 13th Dec., at Daylight
"HAIYU"	SWATOW	SUNDAY, 13th Dec., at 10 A.M.
"HAIYANG"	SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW	TUESDAY, 15th Dec., at Noon

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF PASSENGERS, STEAMERS WILL ARRIVE AT, AND DEPART FROM, THE COMPANY'S WHARF (NEAR BLAKE PIER).

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & Co.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 11th December, 1908.

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AND FORMOSA.PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—  
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	THE CO'S S.S.	LEAVING
"TAMUI" VIA SWATOW	"JOSHIN MARU"	TUESDAY, 15th Dec.
"SHANGHAI VIA SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW"	"BUJUN MARU"	TUESDAY, 22nd Dec.
"ANPING VIA SWATOW"	"SHOSHU MARU"	WEDDAY, 23rd Dec.

\* These new Steamers have excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light. First-class Cabins Amidships. Unrivaled Table.

† Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and North China Ports.

For Freight, Passage and further information, apply at the Company's Local Branch Office, Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

Hongkong, 12th December, 1908.

T. ARIMA, Manager.

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# INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
† SHANGHAI	"KWONGSANG"	Monday, 14th Dec., 4 P.M.
† SHANGHAI	"TINGSANG"	Tuesday, 15th Dec., Noon
* SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI	"KUTSANG"	Wedday, 16th Dec., Noon
† SHANGHAI	"CHOYSANG"	Thursday, 17th Dec., Noon
* MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	Friday, 18th Dec., 4 P.M.
* SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"NAMSANG"	Monday, 21st Dec., Noon
* MANILA	"YUENSANG"	Friday, 25th Dec., 4 P.M.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN.

OCCUPYING 24 DAYS.

The steamers "KUTSANG," "NAMSANG" and "YUENSANG" leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Yokohama returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong, providing a stay of 5 to 6 days in Japan, if passengers leave the steamer at Yokohama and rejoin at Kobe. These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

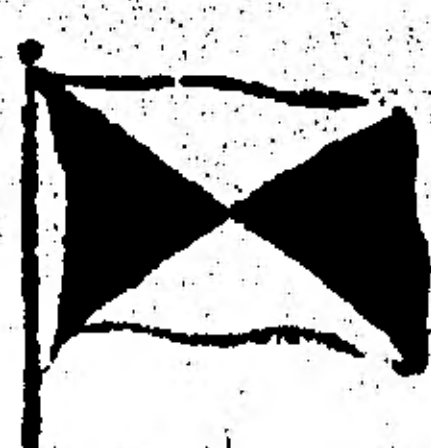
\* Steamers have superior accommodation for First Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

† Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin and Newchwang.

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[16]

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STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
RUBI	2540	R. W. Almond	Manila	On 12th Dec., Noon.
ZAFIRO	2540	R. Rodger	Manila	On 19th Dec., Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 7th December, 1908.

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# NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

EXTRA SAILING EUROPEAN LINE.

FOR GENOA, MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP, VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

THE Co.'s Newly Built Passenger Steamer

# "HIRANO MARU."

(Sister ship to the well-known "KAMO MARU,") ton 9,000 gross reg. Captain H. Fraser, will be despatched as above on WEDNESDAY, the 30th DECEMBER, at Daylight.

Every known comfort provided on board for travellers: First-class staterooms amidships comprising ordinary Two Berth Cabins, Single Berth Cabins and Full Suite. Elegant Dining Saloon, Drawing Room, Social Hall and Smoking Room. Electric Light and Electric Fans throughout. Barber Saloon, Dark Room and Laundry. Doctor and Stewardess. Unexcelled service.

Cheapest passage rates to Europe and around-the-world.

For further particulars apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Hongkong, 24th November, 1908.

[1599]

# NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA. (THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—  
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS.	STEAMERS.	TONS.	SAILING DATES.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	WAKASA MARU Capt. N. Nielsen	6265	WED'DAY, 23rd Dec., at Daylight
PORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	SADO MARU Capt. Geo. Anderson	6227	WED'DAY, 6th Jan., 09 at Daylight
VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE, via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, and YOKOHAMA	TOSA MARU Capt. J. Nagao	5828	TUESDAY, 22nd Dec., at 4 P.M.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE, and BRISBANE	SHINANO MARU Capt. K. Kawano	6388	TUESDAY, 5th Jan., 09 at 4 P.M.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE and COLOMBO	NIKKO MARU Capt. A. E. Moses	5539	THURSDAY, 24th Dec., at Noon
NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	KUMANO MARU Capt. N. Mathieson	5076	FRIDAY, 22nd Jan., 09 at Noon
	YEBOSHI MARU Capt. B. Kon	3798	THURSDAY, 17th December
	KUMANO MARU Capt. N. Mathieson	5076	WED'DAY, 23rd Dec., at Noon

\* Omitting Yokkaichi.

† Fitted with Marconi's System of Wireless Telegraphy.

† Through Passengers Tickets issued to the Principal Cities in the United States, Canada and Europe, in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY and Atlantic Steamers. Round-the-World Tickets also issued. Between Nagasaki and Yokohama, 1st and 2nd Class through Passengers have the option of travelling by Rail.

For Further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, &amp;c., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Buildings, First Floor, Chater Road.

Hongkong, 10th December, 1908.

T. KUSUMOTO,  
MANAGER.

# EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.

COPENHAGEN, SINGAPORE, BANGKOK &amp; SHANGHAI.

# RUSSIAN EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.,

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# SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.

GOTHENBURG.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.  
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION.	STEAMERS	DATE OF SAILING.
MARSEILLES, HAVRE and COPENHAGEN	"SIAM"	Beginning of Jan., 09
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA and KOBE	"YEDDO"	Middle of Jan., 09

For Further Particulars apply to

Hongkong, 10th December, 1908.

MELCHERS & CO.,  
AGENTS.

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# HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE HAMBURG.

# EAST ASIATIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, via STRAITS and COLOMBO, to HAVRE, BREMEN and HAMBURG and to NEW YORK.

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Sea and Baltic Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

Also via Aden or Port Said, by the Company's "Arabian and Persian Service" to Arabian and Persian Gulf Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

OUTWARD.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA &amp; KOBE:

S.S. BARCELONA	17th Dec.
S.S. ANDALUSIA	3rd Jan. 09
S.S. SLAVONIA	17th Jan. 09
S.S. SAXONIA	27th Jan. 09
S.S. SPEZIA	8th Febr. 09

Further Particulars, apply to—

Hongkong, 30th November, 1908.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,  
Hongkong Office.

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PASSENGER SEASON 1909.

# IN 25 DAYS TO ITALY BY THE MAGNIFICENT N.D.L. LINERS:

Tons Reg.

"PRINZESS ALICE"	10,911	ON MARCH 10TH.
Capt. G. ROTT.		
"KLEIST"	9,000	ON MARCH 24TH.
Capt. R. MEYER.		
"PRINZ LUDWIG"	9,630	ON APRIL 7TH.
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CALLING AT NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERS, GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON  
TO LAND PASSENGERS.Early booking recommended,  
For Particulars, apply to—MELCHERS & Co.,  
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Hongkong, 1st December, 1908.

[1624]

# PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COY.

# S.S. "MACEDONIA," 10,500 TONS.

CAPTAIN C. D. BENNETT, R.N.R.

THIS THROUGH MAIL STEAMER FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON VIA BOMBAY WILL LEAVE HONGKONG ON MARCH 20th, 1909, STAYING AT BOMBAY 24 HOURS ONLY AND IS DUE TO ARRIVE AT—

MARSEILLES	APRIL 17TH.
LONDON	APRIL 24TH.

FARES TO LONDON—

1st SALOON	£71.10	SINGLE	£106.14	RETURN.
2nd	£48.8		£72.12	

For further Particulars apply to—

E. A. HEWETT,  
SUPERINTENDENT.

Hongkong, 24th November, 1908.

[1600]

# SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY CO.

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BETWEEN  
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STEAMSHIP SERVICE—Regular Direct Weekly Service by the fast Passenger Steamer "KOBE MARU" (2877 tons) sailing from Dairen every Monday and from Shanghai every Friday, in connection with the South Manchurian Express and Trans-Siberian Route (International Train de Leste).

MAIN RAILWAY LINE—Semi-Weekly Express Service from Dairen to Kwanchengtau (in connection with Siberian Express trains at Harbin) by a train composed of excellently equipped Sleeping, Dining and first-class Cars expressly built for the Company by the Pullman Car Co.

BRANCH RAILWAY LINES:

RYOJUN LINE—For Ryojun (Port Arthur), 2 hours from Dairen.  
YINGKOU LINE—For Yingkou (Newchang), 3 hours from Tashihchiao Junction.  
FUSHUN LINE—For the famous Fushun Collieries from Suchiatun Junction.

ANTUNG-HSIEH LINE—A light railway from Mukden to Antung-Hsien connecting with the Korean Government Railway.

RAILWAY HOTELS—"YAMATO" HOTEL (Tel. Add.: "YAMATO").  
At DAIREN (Dalny), PORT ARTHUR and CHANGCHUN (KWANCHENG TZU), all managed by the Company and provided with every convenience, luxury, and comfort.

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY COMPANY, DAIREN.  
Tel. Add.: "MANITAU." Codes: A.B.C., 5th Ed., AI, and Lieber's. [1303]

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should be in every home as well as in  
every hospital.

When you are worried and cannot eat  
well nor sleep well, you will find a  
great help in BOVRIL.

BEWARE OF CHEAP IMITATIONS.

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty the King.







## WOMAN.

## HER HISTORY THROUGH THE AGES.

In his new book, "Woman Through the Ages," Dr. Reich quotes an American writer who says: "History is more than incidents; it is the movement of men." Dr. Reich himself shows us that history is largely the movement of women.

He begins with Egypt—  
Women, with the Egyptians, occupied a well-defined, important, and high position. Religion largely influenced their home life, for since their goddesses shared with the gods supreme power, so the women were held to have the same equality with men in human affairs. The child inherited and took the rank of its mother, irrespective of the status of the father.

Despite all this, the Egyptian woman possessed familiar feminine weaknesses, and some unusual in modern times.

The women of the better classes, who were exempt from toil and exposure, were all thus painted yellow, the tint getting paler as they rose in the social scale. And to the beauty of the skin was attached as much importance as to the artificial means of painting were resorted to freely, the beauty of the skin being enhanced by the frequent use of oil and perfumes in the preparation of which much ingenuity was exercised; parts of the body were even tattooed.

## IN BABYLON.

The Babylonian woman was even more fortunate than the Egyptian—

In these days of women's demand for the franchise it is interesting to note the immense power held by women in Babylonian history. The dowry system, which gave the women rights over her own property, and the great influence of wealth in the country, made of her an independent actor in her own affairs; and in the documents that have come down to us we find married women transacting business which in modern States comes mainly within the province of men.

We find them selling their own property entering into partnership and trade, contracting lawsuits even against their own husbands, and the unauthorized disposal of their property, and mutilating the lending of money and in the purchase of slaves. In fact, in all matters of business rights there would appear to be no difference between the man and the woman in the eyes of the law.

The Greek woman, about whom Dr. Reich naturally has much to say, was in a well-defined inferior position. The following indicates the wisdom—and the good fortune—of the male Greek—

Silence at all times, whether in or out of the house, was considered the duty of a woman; and not only was she expected to keep silence herself, but she was also expected to conduct herself in such a way that no one else could speak about her.

## IN ROME.

As in Greece, so in Rome—  
From the very beginning Rome was a man's State. Early Roman law and custom placed women in a position in which, in spite of the gradual relation of legal restrictions, the steady growth of the imperial idea forced them to remain. In the family the Roman woman was a very minor factor.

All children, male and female, were equally subject to the paternal will, but the position of daughters was more galling than that of sons, inasmuch as their freedom of action was considerably less, and acts which were permitted to a son were regarded as crimes when committed by a daughter. A single instance will suffice to illustrate this. It was enough for a woman to have tasted wine to be held worthy of death; and, if we believe Tertullian, the Romans first resorted to killing in order that they might the more easily detect their women folk in such lapses from strict virtue.

Of course, both in Greece and Rome woman played a great part, making history as often by her vices as her virtues. Byzantine women, mediæval women in cloisters and in the world, and the women of the Renaissance are all described. Here is an interesting picture of middle-class life in the Middle Ages.

The burgher woman was ill-educated and violent in temper, uncouth in manners, and foul of speech. She tried to tyrannise over her husband, and would beat him when she could, being often, in her turn, soundly belaboured.

She was probably a better housewife than we usually see out of France to-day, understood her husband's business, managed it in many cases for him, and could drink nearly as hard as he. For the tavern was the resort of the respectable goodwife just as much as of her mate, and to that she went on her way to and from church or when marketing. In fact, it was her house of call, the place where the gossip of the town was discussed.

## IN ENGLAND.

Two chapters are devoted to the English women of the Tudor and Stuart periods, and two to the French women of the Courts of Louis XIV. and Louis XV. Of the gorgeous days of the "Grand Monarque" Dr. Reich says—

In contrast to the lavish bathing of the earlier Middle Ages just as may be noted in the Court of the English Restoration at Whitehall, so at Versailles the staidness that cleanliness was as remote as grime, though the salle de toilette was as ostentatious as the chapel; and it sometimes gentlemen of France were ruined by the cost of the clothes their wives wore, and if the mistresses appeared in superb costumes, dirt, proceeding from personal negligence of what was not visible, form undoubted and ugly features of the scene.

The salon are given a chapter to themselves.

The salon of 1730 was domestic and rather dull. That of 1760, was gay, noisy, and delightfully heartless. That of 1780 was more pessimistic, more grave, and when there was laughter it was "au bout des dents." The salon under Louis XIV was a symbol of the past, that of Louis XV of the present, that of Louis XVI of the future.

Dr. Reich is always outspoken and often caustic. Heated the English woman of the eighteenth century after contemplating her French sister of the same period is like eating a penny bun after enjoying a delicate éclair. The one was provincially insular and narrow-minded, whereas the other was delicious, vivacious, and almost too broad in her views.

And of the modern American woman he says—  
There are over twelve million pianos in American houses used mostly by women, yet there is not a single American pianist of even the third order. There are thousands of schools for American women, yet there is not a single American woman of note as a scholar.

The last word, then, in American womanhood is this, that they represent actually what the ancient Greek myths (if myths they be) represented symbolically—a realm of Amazons grafted upon a realm of men.

It is a wonderful array that passes through Dr. Reich's pages: Agrippina and Jeannette d'Albret, Queen Anne and Aspasia, Mrs. Browning and Lucretia Borgia, Joan of Arc

and Messalina, Mme. Recamier and Charlotte Brontë, St. Teresa and Mme. de Staël.

Dr. Reich is evidently an antifeminist, in the present-day meaning of the term. He believes that in an Imperial State the man must predominate, and his general attitude to the position and power of woman may be gathered from the following quotation—

Most wisely, might Mme. de Mottaville observe, as I have already quoted "Women are the originating causes of the great convulsions of States, and wars which ruin kingdoms and empires proceed nearly always from the effects of their beauty or malice." This is at least a good motive as the reckless shaking of a mailed fist or the impulse to fight in order to distract attention from an imminent bankruptcy due to foolhardy speculation.

And again—  
She (Josephine) never loved Napoleon; he was far too great ever to be loved by any woman. But he loved her madly just as Nelson loved Emma Hamilton. So long as he loved Josephine he was incited by his love for her to do those things that convulsed the world.

From the time he discarded her he encountered the misfortunes which began at Moscow and ended at St. Helena. So long as he idealised the unfaithful Creole, what he imagined her to be urged him to achieve heroic deeds.

An interesting, careful look, rather collecting information than adding to it, perhaps hardly inspired, but certainly clever.

## THE KING'S GREAT DIAMOND.

## HOW THE CULLINAN WAS SPLIT UP.

The magnificent brilliants, unequalled in the world, which have been produced by the cutting and polishing of the great Cullinan diamond, are enumerated with their weights as follows—

1. A pendeloque or drop diamond weighing 516½ carats. The extreme dimensions of the stone are 2,322 inches long and 1,791 inch broad.
2. A square brilliant weighing 309.3-16 carats. The extreme dimensions of the stone are 1,771 inch long by 1,594 inch broad.
3. A pendeloque weighing 92 carats.
4. A square brilliant weighing 62 carats.
5. A heart-shaped brilliant weighing 183 carats.
6. A marquise brilliant weighing 11½ carats.
7. A marquise brilliant weighing 89-16 carats.
8. A square brilliant weighing 68 carats.
9. A pendeloque brilliant weighing 29-32 carats.
10. Ninety-six brilliants weighing 78 carats.
11. A quantity of unpolished "cuds" weighing 9 carats.

Before being cut, the Cullinan weighed 3,026½ English carats, or more than 14½ avoirdupois.

## LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

The first and second stones are far larger than any others in the world, as the following comparison shows—

	Carats.
"Cullinan" No. 1.....	3,026½
"Cullinan" No. 2.....	309.3-16
"Jubilee" (owned by Messrs. Wertheimer, Beil, and Co., and members of the Diamond Syndicate).....	236
"Koh-i-noor".....	105.1-16

Cullinan No. 1 is this nearly five times larger than the Koh-i-noor. And all the Cullinan stones, large and small, exhibit "the most marvellous brilliancy that diamonds can show."

An account of the cutting and polishing of the Transvaal's gift to the King was given in the "Times." This has been safely accomplished by Messrs. Joseph Asscher and Co. in their factory in Amsterdam, under the inspection of Messrs. M. J. Levy and Nephews. The diamond was handed to Messrs. Asscher at the Colonial Office on January 23 last, and was taken by three members of the firm, by way of Dover, Calais, and Brussels, to Amsterdam. Here it was lodged in the strong room in the basement of Messrs. Asscher's new model diamond factory, where 400 workpeople are employed.

All the diamonds on the premises are stored away every night. The walls of the room are of steel and concrete over two feet thick, and the immense outer door is secured by a lock working with a combination of numbers which is known only to the heads of the firm. Inside there is a door eight inches thick with nine concealed locks, and inside that again a couple of steel coffers, in one of which the Cullinan diamond has reposed every night for the last nine months.

## CUT IN TWO.

The first operation undertaken on the stone was to divide it into two pieces. For dividing diamonds two processes are available—sawing and splitting. In the former, which is the more modern and was introduced only about ten years ago, use is made of a thin disc of steel or phosphor copper, revolving some 3,000 times a minute, which slowly cuts through the diamond in any desired direction.

Sawing has the advantage that it often enables the material to be more economically utilised, but it was not thought advisable to use the saw for the Cullinan diamond because there was always the risk that the disc, having got some distance into the stone, might bend, and so cause the cut to deviate from the desired line.

So it was determined to split the great stone. First, a groove had to be cut in it, and after this had been done, Mr. Joseph Asscher undertook the immensely responsible business of actually splitting the stone.

The diamond was held with cement at the end of a strong wooden stick which was fixed upright. Mr. Asscher held the knife—a wedge of steel, something like a comb in shape—in his left hand in the groove. In his right he grasped a short, heavy steel rod.

## POSSIBILITIES OF FLAW.

The scene of suppressed but intense excitement can be imagined as Mr. Asscher lifted his hammer to smite the largest rough diamond, the world has ever seen. For the question was, would the split follow some hidden flaw and possibly shatter the diamond in many pieces?

A blow with all a man's strength was needed. It fell—and the stone was unbroken. Again the master cutter raised his rod and smote the knife. And this time the knife cut clean through, and left the Cullinan in two parts, one weighing 1,977½ and the other 1,049½ carats.

A few days later an even more difficult work had to be done—the further cutting of the large stone, and for this a twohanded knife had to be invented and used.

Next came the long and delicate process of grinding and polishing the stones, which was done by M. Henri Koe, a Dutchman who was born in London. A special room was built, and special apparatus was devised for the process, which occupied about five months.

Most large diamonds are cut into fifty-eight facets, but the Cullinan stones were so large that the first was given seventy-four and the second sixty-six.

## HOW LONDONERS LIVE, WORK, AND PLAY.

## HISTORY IN FIGURES.

What is London? This is the question which the London County Council seeks each year to answer in its annual volume of statistics, and every year the answer becomes more overwhelming in its vastness.

The latest volume issued yesterday tells us in the first place that Administrative London is composed of 741,816 acres of land and water. The land is laid out as follows—

Parks and open spaces (acres) ...	9,926
On this land live 4,795,789 human beings, while around them within a few miles another 3,000,000 make their homes. This is the greatest aggregation of men, women, and children in one place the world has ever known.	
If the 4,795,789 inhabitants of Administration	

If the 4,795,789 inhabitants of Administrative London were spread over the whole acreage there would be 60 persons to every acre, and in each acre there would be eight houses for them to live in. Most of them all together however, giving each person about two square feet to stand in, and it would be possible to get the whole population in Hyde Park and still have over 100 acres to spare.

The population of London is continually changing. Every fourteenth new Londoner is born and eight die.

## POVERTY.

London is probably the wealthiest city in the world. Its property is insured from fire at £1,040,067,846. Despite this, however, there is a large amount of poverty. The figures show that—

One person in every thirty-three is a pauper. Twenty persons in every 100 die in a workhouse or a workhouse infirmary.

London does much to cope with its burden of poverty, and every year £10,066,043 is distributed by various charities.

No one can tell what it costs to feed London's population. Here, however, is a part of its enormous yearly bill of fare—

Dead meat (tons).....	419,037
Live cattle.....	58,735
Live sheep.....	375,950
Fish (tons).....	174,332
Milk (gallons).....	30,826,330

In addition to these items, an army of 60,275 Londoners are busily working all the year in preparing other food and drink for their fellow's consumption. Here are some of them—

Bread and confectionery making.....	23,756
Jam making.....	5,242
Cocoa and chocolate making.....	2,406
Other foods.....	14,108
Brewing, etc.....	9,885
Aerated waters manufacturing.....	4,283

The water consumed by Londoners and used for washing and other purposes reaches the enormous volume of 82,152,249,000 gallons a year, and for this they pay £1,832,772 a year.

WORKSHOPS AND FACTORIES.  
London is essentially a place to work in, despite its many attractions to the visitor. In its 28,265 factories and workshops alone 568,641 men, women, and children find employment. The largest number of these are engaged in making clothes. Here are the figures of the principal occupations—

	Places.	People.
Dress.....	9,493	130,500
Wood and wood articles.....	4,031	82,702
Paper and printing.....	3,011	79,150
Metals and machinery.....	2,572	60,946
Food, etc.....	2,324	60,275
Laundries.....	1,781	29,506

Londoners are much given to travelling in trains, trams, and omnibuses. The weather may account for this, for it might be considerably better than it is. The average, that may be expected each year is about as follows—

1,230 hours of sunshine out of a possible 4,456 hours.

160 rainy days, with a total rainfall of 24½ inches.

An average temperature of 50 degrees.

Whatever the cause, however, the fondness for being carried about instead of walking is undoubtedly one of the Londoner's greatest failings. The facilities are tremendous. Here are some of them—

The great trunk lines have termini in London. The local railways are worth £66,888,265. There are 124 miles of tramways.

Omnibuses number 3,762, of which motor-omnibuses form nearly a third.

The number of passengers carried by the local railways and tramcars alone numbered over 949,000,000 last year equal to 200 journeys for every man, woman, and child in London, while millions more were carried in omnibuses and cabs.

## AMUSEMENTS.

There is a wide variety in the means by which Londoners are able to amuse themselves when the working day is over. In addition to the open air pastimes to be found in the parks and open spaces, the following amusements are available to them—

Theatres.....	53	Concert halls.....	261
Musical halls.....	49	Museums.....	11

There are also eighty-eight public libraries open to them, which possess 1,194,092 books. The total number issued last year was 6,300,387 books, of which 4,013,222 were novels.

Londoners are great letter writers, and in the course of one year their correspondence amounts to—

Letters.....	737,100,000
Postcards.....	165,600,000

In addition to these they send 28,260,000 telegrams in a year, and enjoy 145,905,633 chats over the telephone.

How is this vast city governed? In all there are 101 local governing bodies which deal with every side of public life. These have a total of 3,783 elected members. Many of the offices are held in duplicate, however, and it is probable that the total number of persons engaged in the government of London is about 2,800.

They are elected by 816,593 voters, of whom 118,695 are women.

## ST. ANDREW'S BALL AT HANKOW.

Hankow like other international centres in the East had its St. Andrew's Ball, but a local contemporary is curious to know why there were no Scotch (shouldn't it be Scottish?) reels? However, the community had a good time and the festival is responsible for the following poetic effusion in the Hankow Daily News—

## TAE OUE DEITHER SCOTS.

The lads and bonnie lassies stirked  
Which anglic'd, I think means whirled  
They reel'd in manner fine and brav  
And bravely did the music blaw  
While mony a man who couldna jig  
Was in the cardroom spellin' brig

'Tis a ghlin room was once bright  
Gad fine war the electric light  
T'war feir' guid the wee bit sup  
Of bruid and beef bee in a cup  
In troth it is the will of a'  
To see aither Scottish la'

'Twas past the joyfu' oor of twa  
Before the lassies ganged awa  
Hunch aye! the haggis then was brought  
Wi' whisky of a rich guid sort  
The mixture is gey fine; alack!  
It does not suit a Sassenach

HOW TO BE BEAUTIFUL.—Keep your complexion, Mrs. Ellen's Cream, Charman's, Lait Charman's and Special Skin Tonic and Poudre Charman's will enable you to do it. Her Specialties for the Skin are the study of a lifetime. A. S. Watson & Co. Ltd. Sole Agents. 622



## "HAIR DRILL"

OUR READERS INVITED TO CARRY OUT  
A WEEK'S FREE TEST.

## Remarkable Results Promised.

Have you ever heard of "Hair Drill"? No? Well, every hair of your head is a little soldier. The duty it shares with its more or less numerous fellows is that of maintaining the temperature of your brain at normal. With out a well trained head of hair your brain must become too hot in summer and too cold in winter, and you have headaches when the sun shines and colds in the head when the sun doesn't shine. This is considering the subject of your hair quite apart from the aspect of mere appearance, important as this is in itself.

How can you drill your hair?  
Well, are you willing to try? Are you willing to test the drilling of your hair for one week? It entails no more expense than the trivial amount of 3d. "Yes," you say.

All right; now, you just note that the present condition of your hair is either one or more of the following—  
1. Dry. 2. Brittle. 3. Lustreless. 4. Falling out. 5. Greasy. 6. Slightly odorous. 7. Thin or Patchy. 8. Falling out. 9. Thin or Patchy.

If you can candidly admit that your hair does come under one or more of the foregoing descriptions, you certainly ought not to let slip this opportunity of so easily and so cheaply finding out what the right kind of care for your hair will do for you—certainly ought to try one week's free test of your hair! Do you not think so?

The week's test will produce results that will open your eyes to the possibilities of proper hair drill.

## HARLENE is stocked by all Chemists and Stores.

## FORM OF APPLICATION.

To Week's Test Dept., Edwards' Harlene Co., 95-4 High Holborn, London, W.C.

Please forward me, as per your offer mentioned above, the special free bottle of "Harlene" necessary for one week's practical trial of this preparation as a "Hair Drill." Enclose a penny stamp to cover postage.

Name..... Address.....

Signature.....

Date.....

By Royal Warrant to H.M. THE KING.

By Royal Warrant to H.M. THE KING.

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## BANKS

鮮紅	Hung Lai—Plum's Swallow	lb.	8
鮮紅	Sin Tai—Pear, Cooking Canton	"	7
鮮紅	Hung Tau—Porkin nose large	"	6
鮮紅	Pun Ti Po Lo—Pine-apple	"	9
	Pineapple Cooking only	2nd	7
		5rd	7
青大	Tai Tau—Plantains	"	8
青大	Luk Yau—Pumelo, Amoy	each	12
青大	Chim Lo Luk Yau—Pumelo, Sin	"	12
鹹菜	Sac Hop Tai—Walnuts, Fresh	lb.	12
鹹菜	Hop Tai—Walnuts Green	"	10
鹹菜	Shanghai Ki Kwa	"	10
	VEGETABLES, &c.		
竹筴干菜	Shang Hai's Chi Chuk— Artichokes, Shanghai	"	7
菜筍	Loong Soe Toi—Asparagus	doz.	7
菜筍	Bank Sien—Bamboo Shoots	" lb.	4
菜筍	Ngai Tai—Bamboo Shoots	"	4
菜筍	Tau Kok— " Long	"	4
菜筍	Min Tau— " Broad	"	4
菜筍	Pin Tau— " French, Shi'ai	"	12
菜筍	Moan Bin Tau—Beans	"	14
菜筍	Moon—French's Sweetroot	each	2
菜筍	Hung Tai— " Beans	"	12
菜筍	Kau San—Cane	" bundle	1
菜筍	Ling Ko—Brinjals green	" lb.	3

	銀元	Yuan Ko	.....	4
7	銀包	Pak Toi—Bassica	.....	3
8	銀幣	Yuen Ko—Cabbage, Chinese	.....	3
90	銀幣	Shai Koi—Cabbage, Shanghai	.....	7
10	銀幣	Kam chin—Carrot	.....	3
21	花菜	Yue Toi Pak—Cauliflower	.....	8
22	花菜	Yue Toi Pak—Cauliflower	.....	8
23	花菜	Tai Yue Toi Pak—Largo Spin	.....	4
24	花菜	Chung Yue Toi Pak—Cauliflower	.....	3
		Mod. Size	.....	3
6	菜干	Kau Toi—Celery, China	.....	8
10	菜干	Yue Toi—Celery, China	.....	8
13	菜干	Po Kwa—Bitter Melon	.....	5
21	菜干	Kan Lat Chai—Chilies, Red	.....	10
22	菜干	Tsing Lat Tsai—Chilies, Red	.....	12
25	菜干	Hung Ka Tsai—Chilies, Red	.....	12
26	菜干	Tsing Kwa—Jimmibars	.....	12
27	菜干	Kai Lai Tsai—Curry Staff	.....	18
8	菜干	Shui Lai	.....	3
9	菜干	Lo Kung—Ginger	.....	3
24	菜干	Tai Kung—Ginger, young	.....	3
22	菜干	Tsing Lai—Green Peas	.....	1
23	菜干	Kan Lai—Horse Ka Hieh, Thai	.....	2

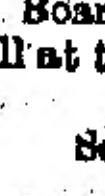
26	生薑	Shing Shai	-Sweet Gourd	...	...
28	菜豆	Sung Tsai T'oi	-Lentils	...	...
30	新花生	Shang Tsai	-Edible Beans	...	...
32	試溫	Young Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
34	蓮生	Shat Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
36	蓮生	Yang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
38	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
40	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
42	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
44	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
46	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
48	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
50	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
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76	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
78	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
80	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
82	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
84	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
86	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
88	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
90	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
92	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
94	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
96	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
98	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...
100	蓮生	Shang Tsang	-Lentils	...	...

14	麵粉	Lo 'cay - Spinnus Chinese	...	2
17	麵豆	Loa kok	...	7
18	麵豆	Loan Ngau - Lily Root	...	5
14	麵豆	Yang Lo Fu - Taro, Eng.	...	1
14	麵豆	Isit Kwa - Vegetable Marrow	...	1
12		American	...	6
11	麵豆	Ma 'Tai - Water Chestnut,	...	6
11		Common	...	6
14	麵豆	Kwei Tsun Ma Tai - Water	...	6
14	麵豆	Sai Yeung Tsai - Water Chestnut, Mandarin	...	8
23	麵豆	Tai Rha - Yams	...	8
24		Sage, .....	per bundle	1

The prices necessarily vary from day to day to comply with the market, and the Sanitary Board has no power to compel stallholders to sell at the above quoted prices.

ADAM GIBSON,  
Secretary, Sanitary Board.

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**MITSU BISHI DOCKYARD  
AND ENGINE WORKS,  
NAGASAKI.**

CODE WORD: "DOCK."  
A.I. A.B.C. and Engineering Code Used  
NEW DOCK NOW OPEN.  
DOCK No. 3.

18	Extreme Length	...	722 feet
18	Length on Blocks	...	714 "
18	Width of Entrance on Top	...	964 "
18	Width of Entrance on Bottom	...	881 "
22	Water on Blocks at Spring Tide	...	344 "

DOCK No. 1.

Extreme Length...	523 feet.
Length on Blocks...	513 "
Width of Entrance on Top...	88 "
Width of Entrance on Bottom...	77 "
Water on Blocks at Spring Tide...	64 "

DOCK No. 2.

Extreme Length...	371 feet.
Length on Blocks...	350 "
Width of Entrance on Top...	66 "
Width of Entrance on Bottom...	53 "
Water on Blocks at Spring Tide...	53 "

PATENT SLIP.

Suitable for vessels up to 1,000.

**T**HE WORKS are well equipped with  
**L**ATEST PLANTS and APPLI-  
**A**NCES to undertake BUILDING  
**R**EPAIRING SHIPS, ENGINES, A  
**B**OILERS; and also ELECTRICAL  
**W**ORK.

**A LARGE STOCK OF MATERIALS**  
 always kept on hand.

**THE COMPANY** has the powerful steam  
**"OUZA-MARU"** (712 tons, 700 H.P.)  
 specially built for SALVAGE PURPOSES  
 equipped with necessary gear, always ready  
 for service. [908]

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**V**ISITORS TO CANTON  
 Should purchase  
**"FROM HONGKONG TO CANTON  
 BY THE PEARL RIVER,"**  
 BY  
**CAPTAIN C. V. LLOYD** (S.S. "FATSHAN"  
 With Illustrations, Maps and Plans.)  
 Price ... .. \$1.90

On Sale at—  
 Hongkong: "DAILY PRESS" and "WAI-  
 " Messrs. KELLY & WALSH.  
 " Messrs. W. BREWER & Co.  
 Canton: Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co.  
 Hongkong, 4th October, 1905.